CONCEVOIR ET DÉPLOYER DES OBJETS CONNECTÉS À FAIBLE COÛT

UNE OPPORTUNITÉ POUR DÉVELOPPER L'AGRICULTURE NUMÉRIQUE

> ENSA SAFI MARCH 13TH, 2019



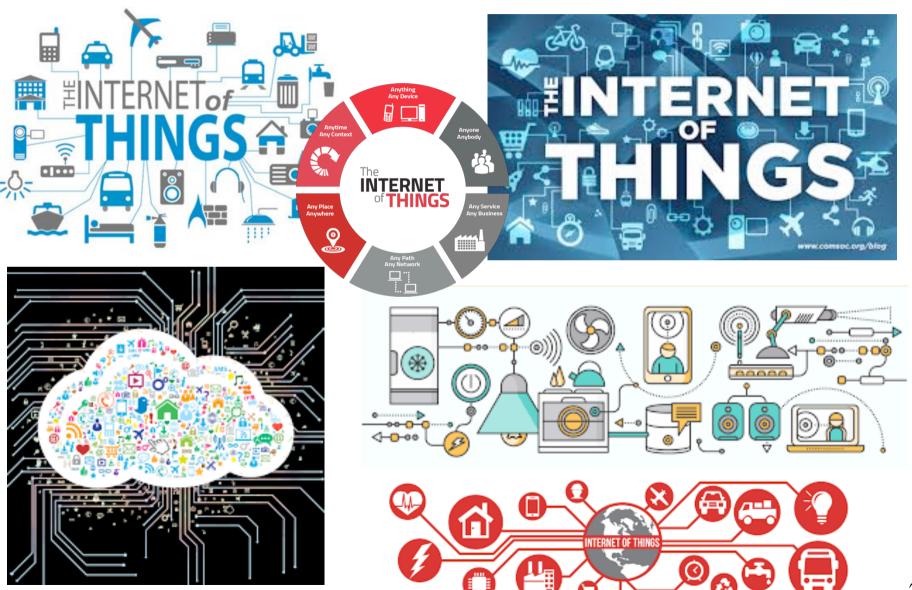




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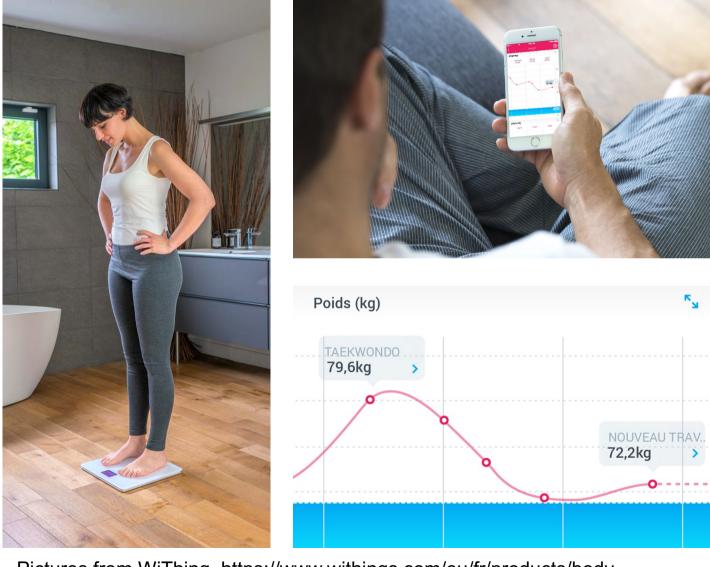
Communicating Objects





Home/consumer IoT products





Pictures from WiThing, https://www.withings.com/eu/fr/products/body

Monitoring the physical world







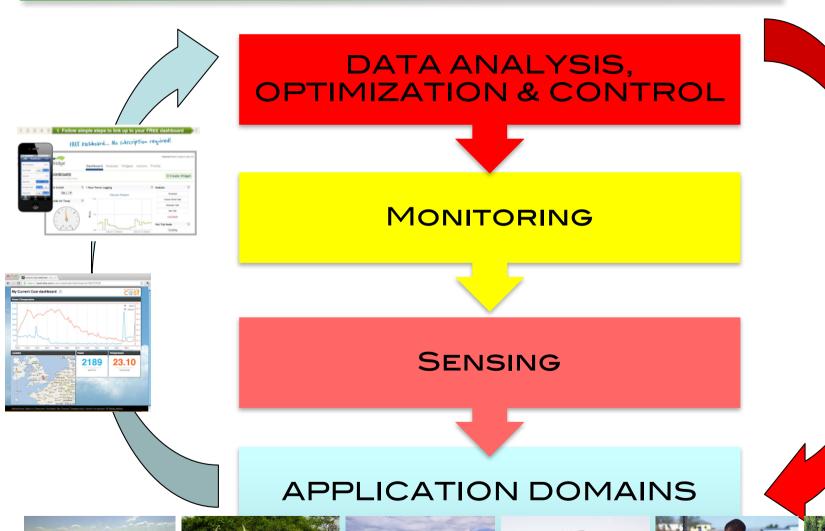






Monitor, Optimize & Control!

















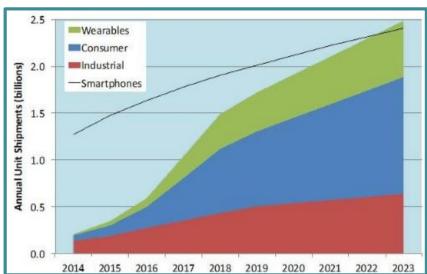
One of the most promising market is IoT!



























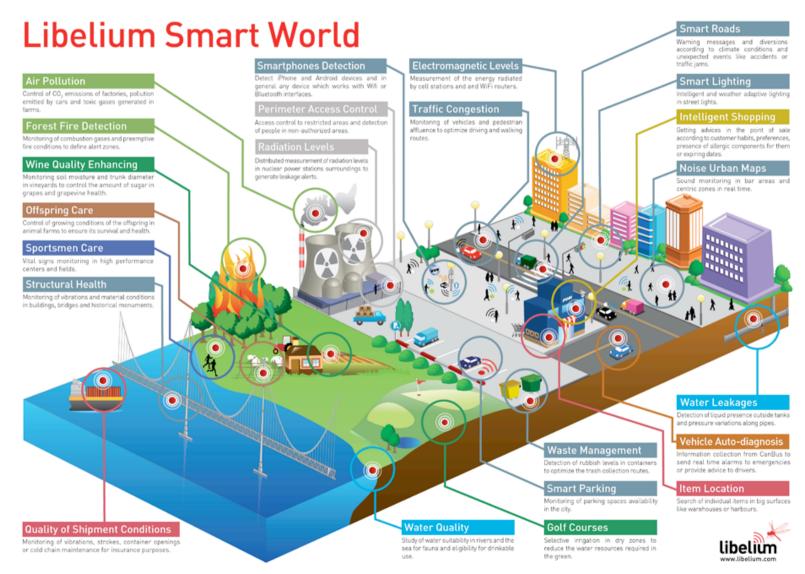






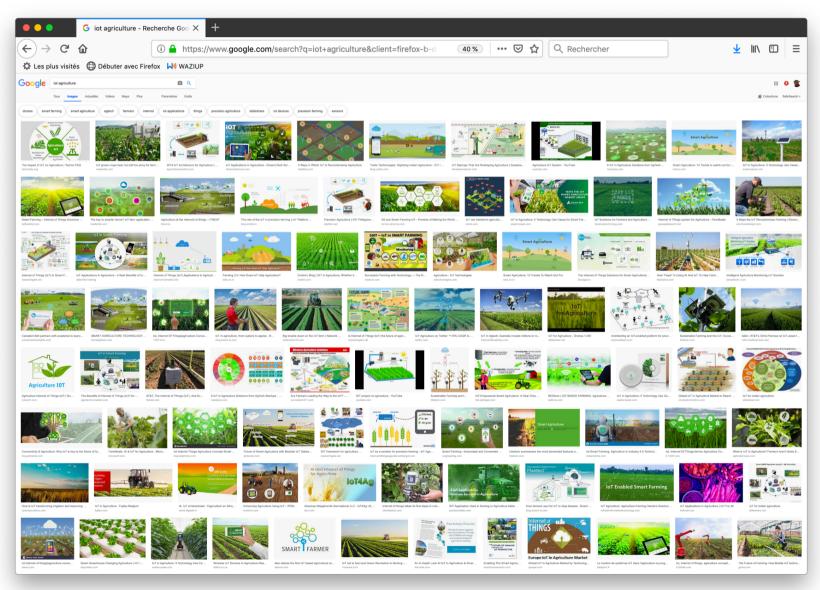
Example 1: Cities





Example 2: Farming & Agriculture





IoT in agriculture= smart agriculture



IoT in Agriculture: 5 Technology Use Cases for Smart Farming (and 4 Challenges to Consider)



The adoption of IoT solutions for agriculture is constantly growing. Namely, BI Intelligence predicts that the number of agriculture IoT device installations will hit 75 million by 2020, growing 20% annually.

At the same time, the global smart agriculture market size is expected to triple by 2025, reaching \$15.3 billion (compared to being slightly over \$5 billion back in 2016).

- Data, tons of data, collected by smart agriculture sensors, e.g. weather conditions, soil quality, crop's growth progress or cattle's health. This data can be used to track the state of your business in general as well as staff performance, equipment efficiency, etc.
- Better control over the internal processes and, as a result, lower production risks. The ability to foresee the output of your production allows you to plan for better product distribution. If you know exactly how much crops you are going to harvest, you can make sure your product won't lie around unsold.
- Cost management and waste reduction thanks to the increased control over the production. Being able to see any anomalies in the crop growth or livestock health, you will be able to mitigate the risks of losing your yield.
- Increased business efficiency through process automation. By using smart devices, you can automate multiple processes across your production cycle, e.g. irrigation, fertilizing, or pest control.
- Enhanced product quality and volumes. Achieve better control over the production process and maintain higher standards of crop quality and growth capacity through automation.

- Climate conditions
- Greenhouse automation
- Plant & soil monitoring
- Fertilizer optimization
- Crop management
- Livestock monitoring
- End-to-end farm mngt
- ...



Most of existing system are not adapted for small holders







DID YOU KNOW?



Eighty percent of the farmland in sub-Saharan Africa and Asia is managed by smallholders (working on up to 10 hectares). While 75 percent of the world's food is generated from only 12 plants and 5 animal species, making the global food system highly vulnerable to shocks, biodiversity is key to smallholder systems who keep many rustic and climate-resilient varieties and breeds alive.



Out of the 2.5 billion people in poor countries living directly from the food and agriculture sector, 1.5 billion people live in smallholder households. Many of those households are extremely poor: overall, the highest incidence of workers living with their families below the poverty line is associated with employment in agriculture.



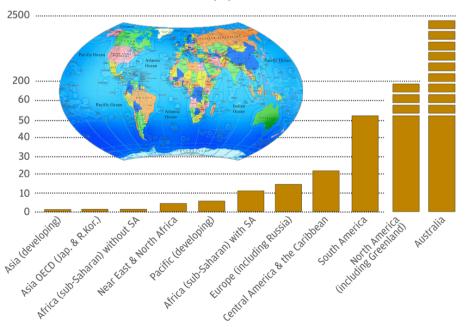
Women comprise an average of 43 percent of the agricultural labour force of developing countries up to almost 50 percent in Eastern and Southeastern Asia and sub-Saharan Africa. Should women farmers have the same access to productive resources as men, they could increase yields on their farms by 20-30 percent, lifting 100-150 million people out of hunger. Women are the quiet drivers of change towards more sustainable production systems and a more varied and healthier diet.



Smallholders provide up to 80 percent of the food supply in Asian and sub-Saharan Africa. Their economic viability and contributions to diversified landscape and culture is threatened by competitive pressure from globalization and integration into common economic areas; their fate is either to disappear and become purely self-subsistence producers, or to grow into larger units that can compete with large industrialized farms.

Smallholders are small-scale farmers, pastoralists, forest keepers, fishers who manage areas varying from less than one hectare to 10 hectares. Smallholders are characterized by family-focused motives such as favouring the stability of the farm household system, using mainly family labour for production and using part of the produce for family consumption.

AVERAGE SIZE OF AGRICULTURAL HOLDINGS (ha)







(WAZIUP Open IoT and Big data platform for Africans, by Africans

waziup.community@create-net.org



Waziup

FEB2016-JAN2019



African needs

IoT in developing countries and rural areas



- Developing countries/rural areas are still far from being ready to enjoy the smallest benefit of IoT
 - □ lack of infrastructure
 - ☐ high cost of hardware
 - complexity in deployment
 - □ lack of technological eco-system and background
- □ to deploy IoT in developing countries, it is necessary to target three major issues
 - reduce cost of infrastructures, hardware and services
 - ☐ limit dependancy to proprietary infrastructures and provide local interaction models
 - target technology appropriation, push for local business models

Making IoT happening!





technologies

"IoT for All" paradigm

IoT infrastructures and use cases

nnovative solutions adapted to local needs

Users/Developers engagement

Knowledge dissemination & training

Exploitation plan and innovation hubs

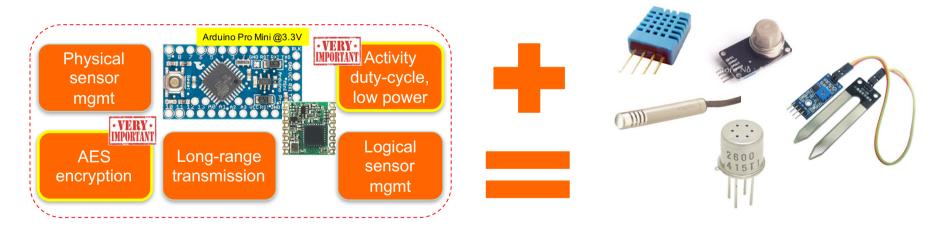
Communication & community building

Sustainable & longterm innovation

Generic IoT v.s. highly specialized



- Build low-cost, low-power, generic IoT platform
- Methodology for low-cost platform design
- ☐ Technology transfers to user communities, economic actors, stakeholders,...





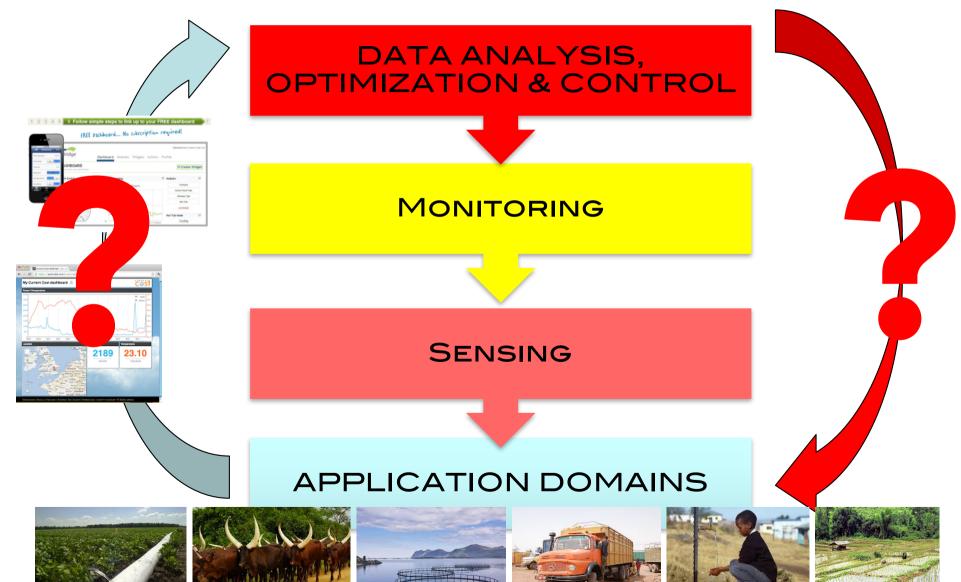






1st issue: collect data?

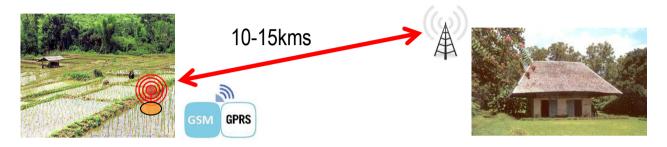




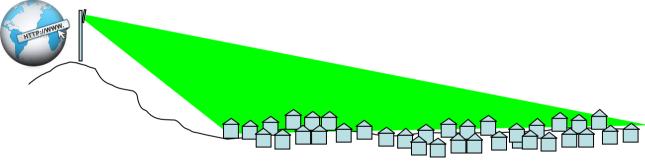
Telemetry and Transmission cost



Soil moisture monitoring









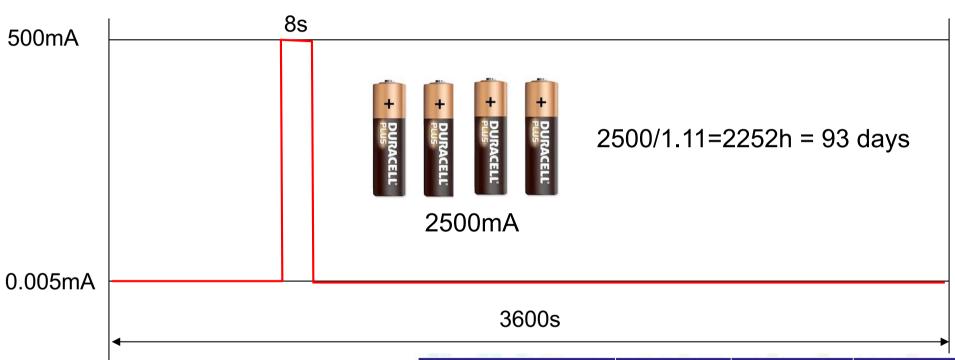


Technology	2G	3G	LAN
Range (I=Indoor, O=Outdoor)	N/A	N/A	O: 300m I: 30m
Tx current consumption	200-500mA	500-1000mA	100-300mA
Standby current	2.3mA	3.5mA	NC

Energy consideration



TX power: 500mA. Mean consumption: (8sx500+3592sx0.005)/3600=1.11mA



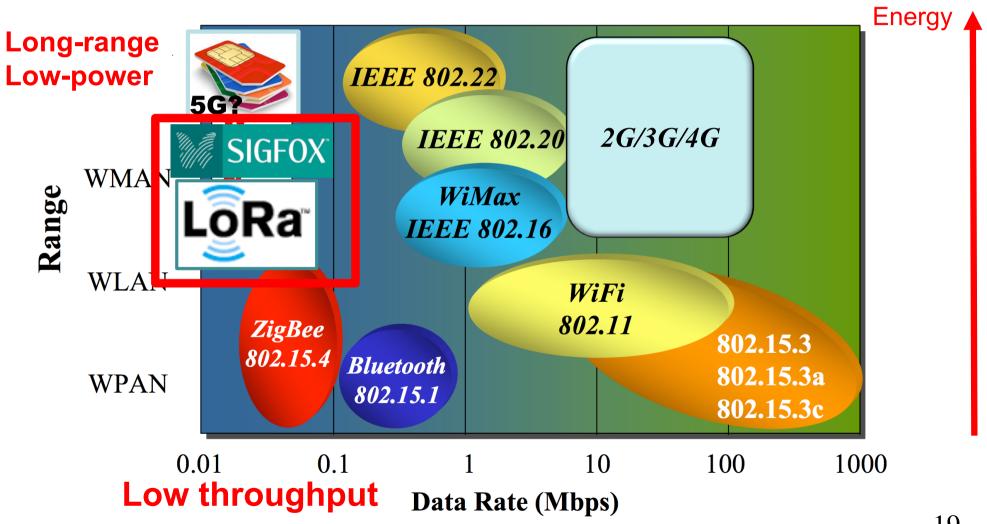


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Low-power & long-range radio technologies



Energy-Range dilemma



Tables from Semtech

Energy consumption comparaison



Technology	2G	3G	LAN	ZigBee	Lo Power WAN
Range (I=Indoor, O=Outdoor)	N/A	N/A	O: 300m I: 30m	O: 90m I: 30m	Same as 2G/3G
Tx current consumption	200-500mA	500-1000mA	100-300mA	18mA	18mA-40mA
Standby current	2.3mA	3.5mA	NC	0.003mA	0.001mA
Energy harvesting (solar, other)	No	No	No	Possible	Possible
Battery 2000mAh (LR6 battery)	4-8 hours(com) 36 days(idle)	2-4 hours(com) X hours(idle)	50 hours(com) X hours(idle)	60hours (com)	120 hours(com) 10 year(idle)

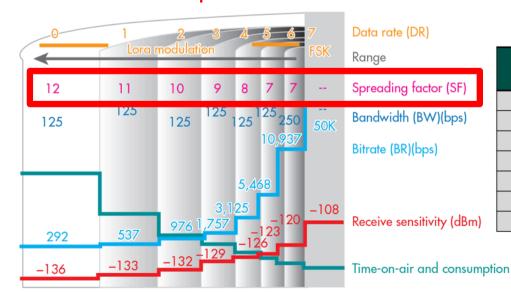
TX power: 40mA. Mean consumption: (2sx40+3598sx0.005)/3600=0.027mA

2500/0.027 = 92592h = 3858 days = 10 years

Increasing range?



- Increase TX power and improve RX sensitivity
- ☐ Generally, robustness and RX sensitivity can be increased when transmitting (much) slower
- LoRa increases transmission time (spreading factor) as longer range is needed. 200bps-37.5kbps



SpreadingFactor (RegModulationCfg)	Spreading Factor (Chips / symbol)	LoRa Demodulator SNR		
6	64	-5 dB		
7	128	-7.5 dB		
8	256	-10 dB		
9	512	-12.5 dB		
10	1024	-15 dB		
11	2048	-17.5 dB		
12	4096	-20 dB		

The price to pay!



Very low throughput: 200bps is 0.0002Mbps! WiFi is 54Mbps Transmission time can be several seconds

,				time on air in second for payload size of							
7	LoRa						105	155	205	255	max thr. for
	mode	BW	CR	SF	5 bytes	55 bytes	bytes	Bytes	Bytes	Bytes	255B in bps
П	1	125	4/5	12	0.95846	2.59686	4.23526	5.87366	7.51206	9.15046	223
•		250	4/5	12	0.47923	1.21651	1.8/18/	2.52723	3.26451	3.91987	520
	3	125	4/5	10	0.28058	0.69018	1.09978	1.50938	1.91898	2.32858	876
	4	500	4/5	12	0.23962	0.60826	0.93594	1.26362	1.63226	1.95994	1041
	5	250	4/5	10	0.14029	0.34509	0.54989	0.75469	0.95949	1.16429	1752
	6	500	4/5	11	0.11981	0.30413	0.50893	0.69325	0.87757	1.06189	1921
	7	250	4/5	9	0.07014	0.18278	0.29542	0.40806	0.5207	0.63334	3221
	8	500	4/5	9	0.03507	0.09139	0.14771	0.20403	0.26035	0.31667	6442
<u> </u>	9	500	4/5	8	0.01754	0.05082	0.08154	0.11482	0.14554	0.17882	11408
7	10	500	4/5	7	0.00877	0.02797	0.04589	0.06381	0.08301	0.10093	20212

Transmitting: TC/22.5/HUM/67.7; about 20 bytes with packet header Time on air is 1.44s

2nd issue: low-cost hardware





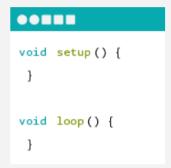
WHAT IS ARDUINO?

Arduino is an open-source electronics platform based on easy-to-use hardware and software. It's intended for anyone making interactive projects.



ARDUINO BOARD

Arduino senses the environment by receiving inputs from many sensors, and affects its surroundings by controlling lights, motors, and other actuators.



ARDUINO SOFTWARE

You can tell your Arduino what to do by writing code in the Arduino programming language and using the Arduino development environment.











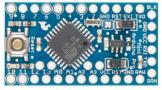




Large ecosystem, still growing...











http://blog.atmel.com/2015/12/16/rewind-50-of-the-best-boards-from-2015/

http://blog.atmel.com/2015/04/09/25-devboards-to-help-you-get-started-on-your-

next-iot-project/







Expressif ESP32

STM32 Nucleo-32



Theairboard







Sparkfun ESP32 **Thing**



Tessel



Heltec ESP32 + OLED





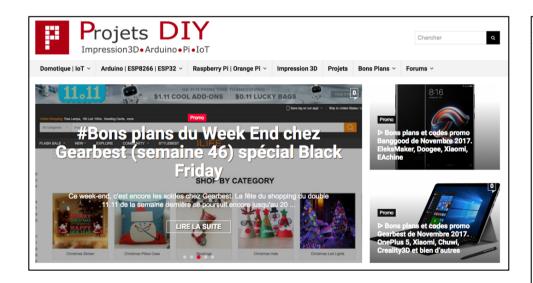


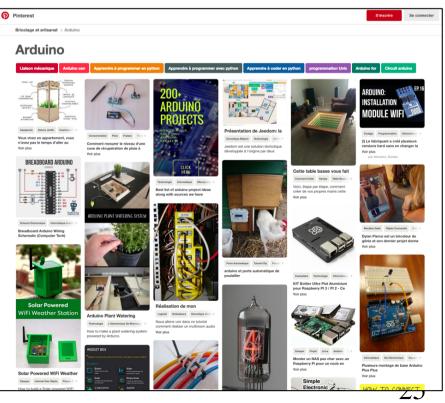
Tinyduino

... stimulating worldwide "Do-it-Yourself" projects



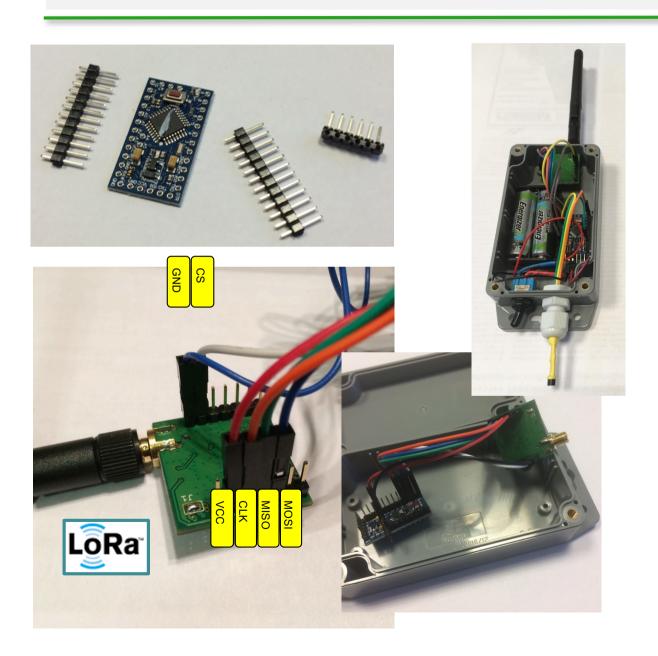
- DIY usually means
 - ☐ More open-source software from larger community
 - More flexibility





Full Do-It-Yourself approach

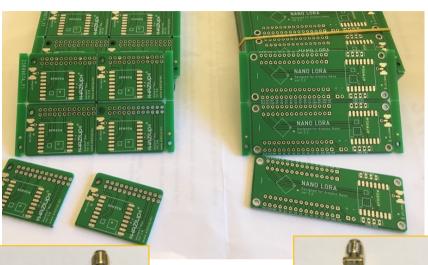






Still DIY but simple PCBs make it much easier for developers











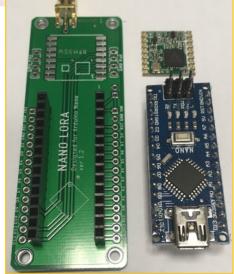
















Ready-to-use IoT kits

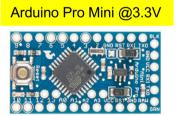


- ☐ 1 Arduino Pro Mini + FTDI breakout + 1 Arduino Nano
- RFM95 w/breakout + ¼ wave antenna
- 1 PCB w/integrated antenna (tunable)
- □ 0.96" OLED screen
- Jumpers+battery pack+case+breadboard
- Some sensors (LM35DZ, TMP36, DHT22, ...)

















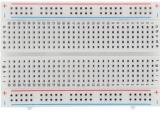








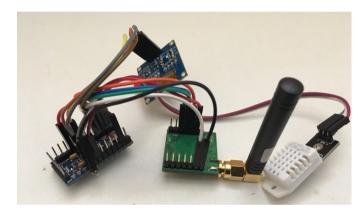


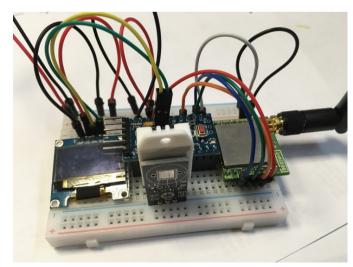


Using the IoT kit

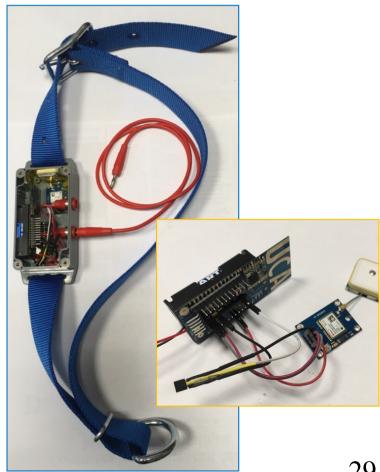


☐ For both training (knowledge dissemination) and device integration (startup, entrepreneurs)



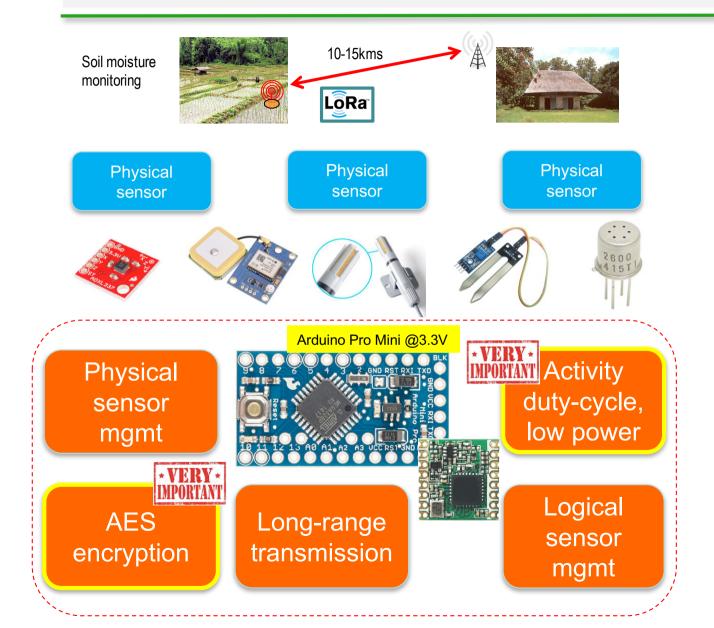


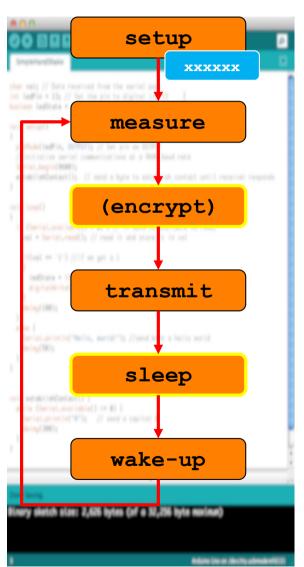




3rd issue: simple development cycle

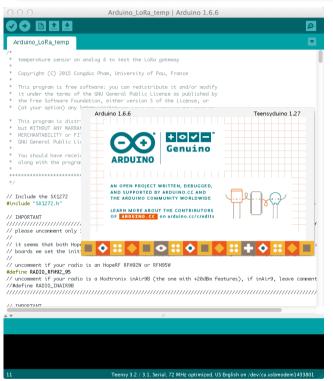


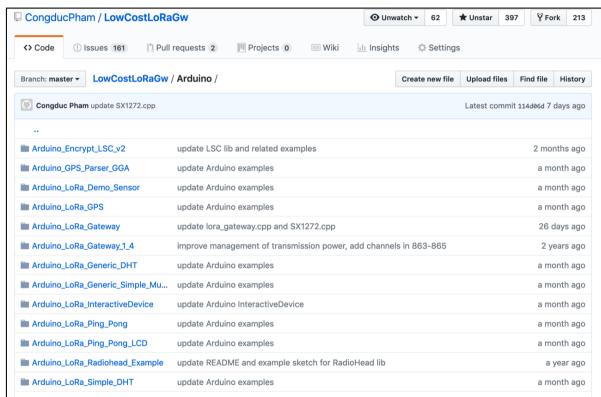




100% open-source code templates







LowCostLoRaGw github has latest general distribution:

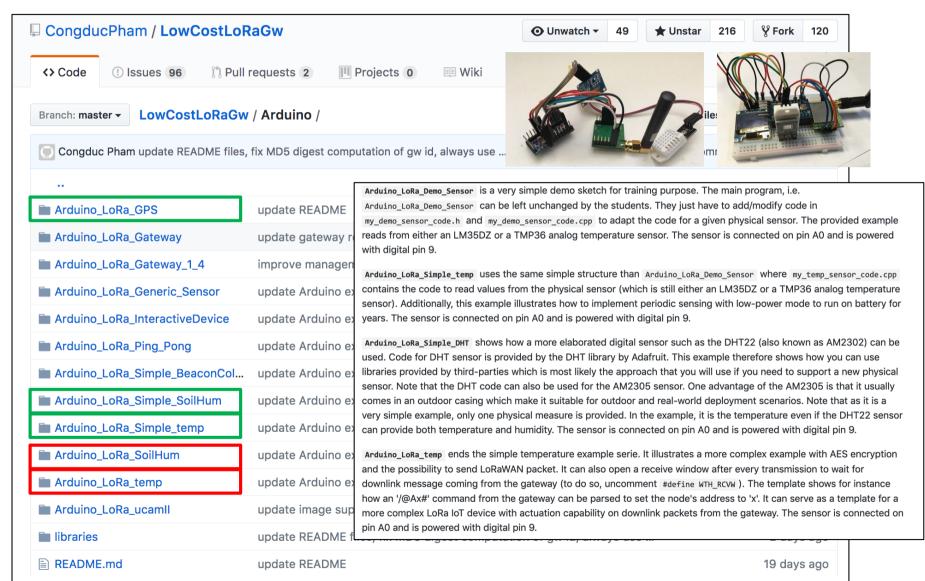
https://github.com/CongducPham/LowCostLoRaGw

Many examples using various temp/hum sensors

https://github.com/CongducPham/LowCostLoRaGw/tree/master/Arduino

Large variety of examples to learn and adapt





Tutorials/docs and videos







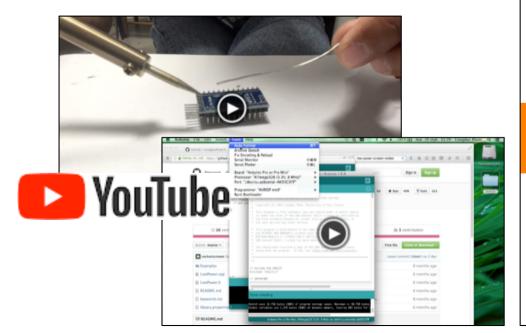


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The generic hardware platform

The Arduino Pro Mini

The Arduino Pro Mini is a compact form factor Arduino board based on the ATmega328P microcontroller Use the **3.3v and 8MHz version** of the Arduino Pro Mini for lower power consumption











You can get the original board designed by Sparkfun or get one of the various clones available mainly from Chinese manufacturer. The last solution is very cost-effective as the Pro Mini board can be purchased for a bit more than 1€ a piece. Depending on how many sensors you want to connect, the number of ground (GND) pins may be limited. You can extend a GND pin with a header pin where all pins are soldered together.

The LoRa radio module

There are various LoRa radio modules that are all based on the Semtech SX1272/1276 chips family









Libelium LoRa



Modtronix inAir4/9/9B

Lora1276 NiceRF LoRa1276

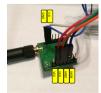
Most of SPI-based LoRa radio modules are supported. We recommend the Modtronix inAir model if you don't have delicate soldering experience as this

The RFM95W can be found assembled (Adafruit) or an adapter can be





Connect the LoRa radio module





Connect the corresponding SPI pins of the radio module to the SPI pins on the Pro Mini board. MOSI (blue) is pin 11, MISO (green) is pin 12, CS (white) is pin 10 and CLK (orange) is pin 13 (right picture). Then connect also the VCC (red) and the GND (black) of the radio module to the VCC and the GND of the board (right picture). The VCC of the Pro Mini board gets 3.3v from the on-board voltage regulator.

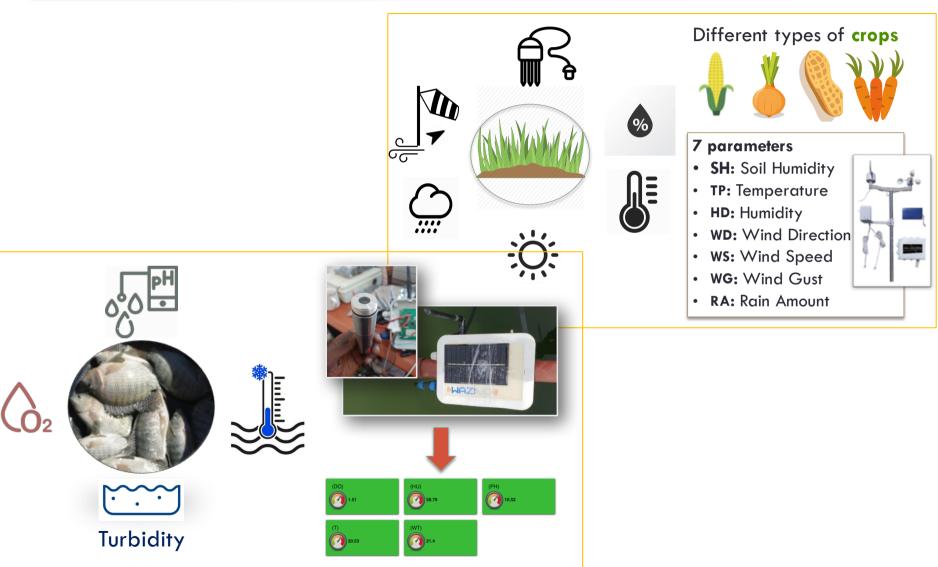
From generic to specific agri-domain...





...to capture specific parametrs







LOW-COST BUOY FOR FISH FARMING





In Sub-Saharian Africa, the volume of natural captured fish doesn't meet half of the population demand

Increasing production of aquaculture will help reduce the quantity of imported fishes in $\mbox{\it Africa}$

The aim is to monitor in real-time different parameters to control water quality and prevent some diseases that could affect fish in order to improve the quality and quantity of the production



KUMAH FARM, GHANA

- ☐ The Kwame Nkrumah University of Science and Technology (KNUST)
- ☐ Located on the campus of the Kwame Nkrumah University of Science and Technology in Kumasi, Ghana.
- ☐ The farm comprises 30 constructed fish ponds, a farm house, a recirculating aquaculture system (RAS) laboratory and store houses.







SANAR FARM, SENEGAL

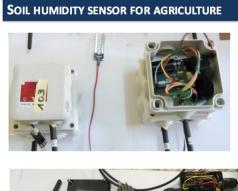
- ☐ Farm located at less than 2 km from UGB.
- ☐ One pond is dedicated for the Waziup application: 50x25m, average depth of 0.5 meters, populated by 4000 individuals of saltwater tilapia.
- ☐ The basin is irrigated via a water supply system fed by a river in proximity.
- $oldsymbol{\square}$ The water in the pond is changed every 10 days











Monitoring soil moisture and other parameters to provide insightful recommendations and notifications to farmers, and advisors









HATCHERY EXPERIMENT, BURKINA FASO

- ☐ Laboratory named Laboratoire d'Études des Ressources Naturelles et des Sciences de l'Environnement (LERNSE)
- ☐ NAZI BONI University in a small village of Bobo-Dioulasso city
- Sensors are placed in a hatchery and the box is placed outside of the building





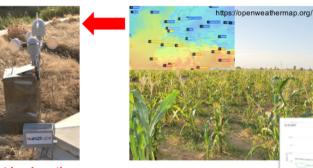


LOCAL WEATHER STATION FOR AGRICULTURE

In agriculture, different factors can be monitored. Having the ability to control those factors is the

key to increase the productivity. Agriculture MVP requirements:

Obtain and produce weather related information which will be used to advise the farmers!

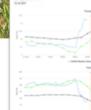


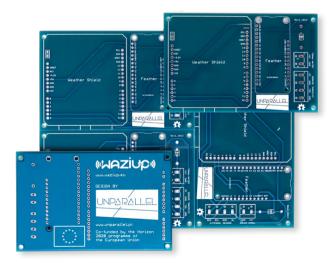


Get local weather measurements

Weather Web App

Pilot sites: Senegal, Togo, Ghana, Burkina Faso



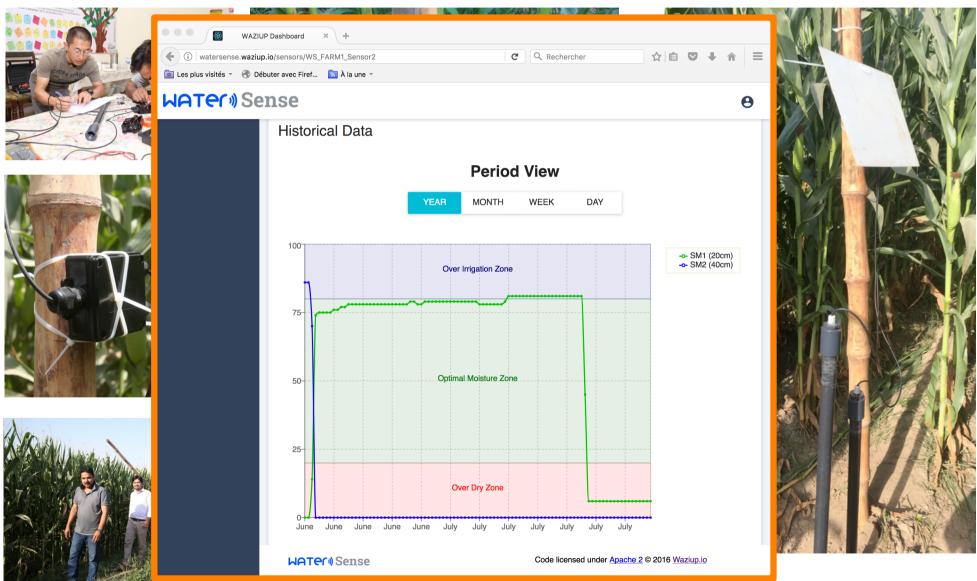






Deployment for Nestlé's WaterSense project





DIY GPS collar for Cattle Rustling

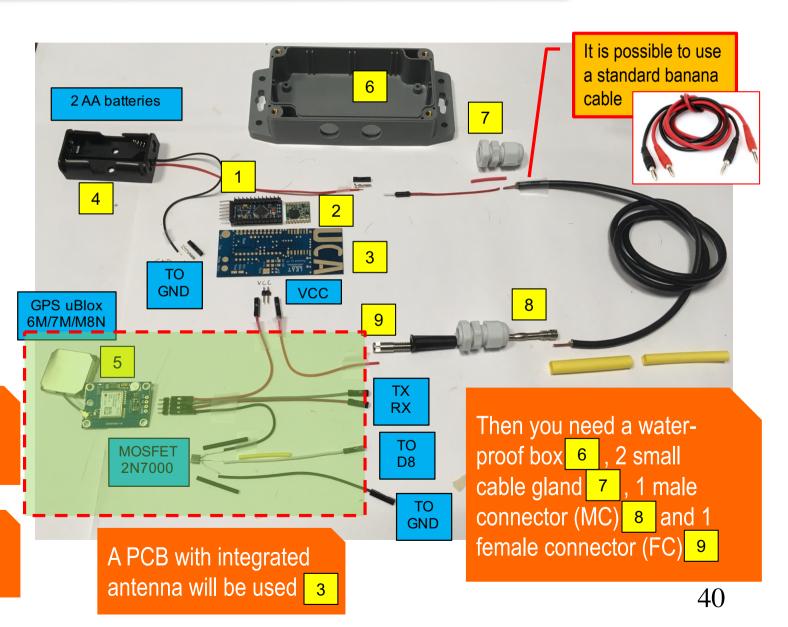


2 AA batteries 4
will power the board
with an autonomy of
several months

A GPS module can be added 5

Use an Arduino Pro
Mini 3.3v at 8MHz 1

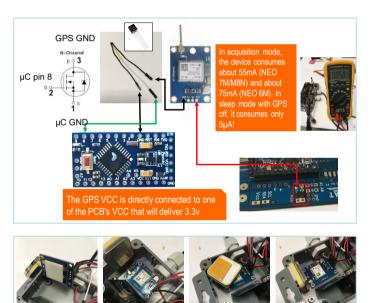
Radio module is an RFM95W 2



Building the GPS collar



A dedicated tutorial addresses the open, DIY GPS collar design



Again use double-side tape, those used to fix mirror on walls, to fix the GPS module to the box. Do the same for the antenna. Add tape if necessary, to secure the GPS antenna.





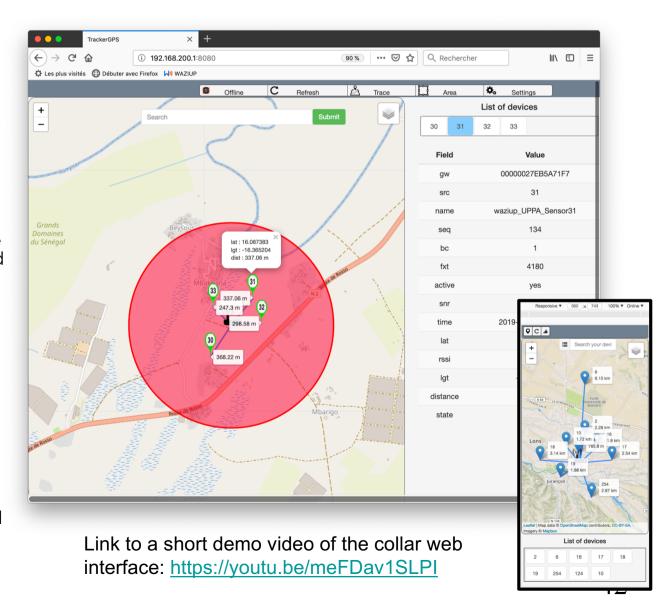
of the cable 1, through the cable gland. Connect GND from battery pack to GND on the Pro Mini. nsert strongly the female connector in the cable gland, out some glue if necessary 2. Then connect the wire

o the other VCC pin on the PCB.

Web interface for viewing GPS collar devices



- a web interface is embedded on the gateway and can be displayed from a smartphone or tablet
- fast visualization of each collar device's distance to the gateway
- direct access to each collar device GPS and last received transmission data
- definition of a safe zone where collar devices will be displayed in green
- definition of a maximum time window for the last GPS reception from a collar device: those collars that exceed the time window will be displayed in black
- can work offline with no Internet connection in which case the background map is not displayed (unless a map is downloaded on the gateway beforehand)
- the distance indication, as well as safe area indication, are always available



Impact analysis



Agriculture: waziup benefit to users

What do you think about technology to help you?

We were very happy to have the soil moisture sensors in our farm".

How do you feel the benefit that WAZIUP technology can bring to you?

"Water is a very essential component of our operations.

And with the soil moisture sensors, we will be able to know how much water we should use to irrigate the vegetable beds. This will help us save water as we will not be over irrigating the farm"

Do you see already indirect or direct benefit?

"There is already a direct benefit because by knowing the moisture in the soil, we are able to use energy efficiently since we use manual means to do everything on the farm. Also, we will be conserving water which means we can have water all year round."



Mr. Douglas Ansah -Chief Farmer -Peace and Love Farms, Ghana

(WAZHUP))

It's all about saving water, fertiliser &labour costs

Cattle rustling: benefit to users

this is not a direct production benefit but an insurance to economic and physical risks (ie with violence)

Interested by collar: Yes



Is 50 euros an acceptable price? No

Acceptable price: 30 to 40 euros Cow cost: local cow 450 euros for a female and 750 to 900 euros for a male

Mor Sène, 20 years old

(WAZHUD))

It's all about securing investment (the cattle)

Aquaculture: waziup benefit to users

What do you think about technology to help you?

"In the past, we have researchers who bring their sensors when they are conducting research and then the sensors are taken away. Having an automatic sensor to measure the water quality of our ponds is welcome technology. And we are able to know what the water quality is and what measures we can take to resolve issues."

How do you feel the benefit that WAZIUP technology can bring to you?

"With these sensors in our pond, we know the DO mostly goes very low between dawn and morning which made us reduce the quantity of fish in the pond in order to reduce the stress level. We are also working on getting a very low-cost aerator to install to help us increase the DO in the early mornings."

Do you see already indirect or direct benefit?

"There is already a direct benefit because by knowing the challenge of the fish getting stress in the morning, we have taken measures to reduce the mortality rate which will increase our harvest."

What global statement can you make?

"I believe the sensor is of immense benefit to we the fish farmers and I will always recommend it to my other farmers to get some. The project is good and it was interesting to see improvement in the sensors during the project phase."



Nana Siaw, Managing Director, Kumah Farms

(WAZHUP))

It's all about to improve production thus revenue

Aquaculture: waziup impact

- □ Emilie Vital Coly, Manager of Agriculture organisation of Ndiawdoune, Senegal: « Per season, I have a turnover of 2,5 to 3 Millions CFA. The benefice is about 1 million CFA. I could be ready to give 1/5 (= 200 000 CFA, approx. 300 euros) for renting on 6 months (duration of the season)"
- Ibrahima Khalil & Seydina Kane, Management of fish farm, St Louis, Senegal « On each season we observed a loss of 50000 CFA (about 80 euros) due to mortality. I am ready to invest 300 000 CFA (approx. 457 euros) for a device if data would be reliable »

4th issue: dealing with

of data stored

Modern cars have close to

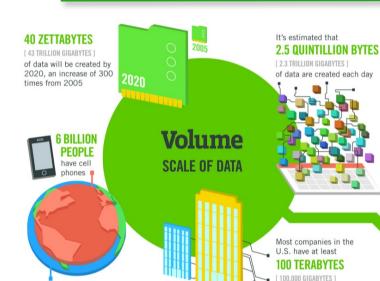
that monitor items such as

fuel level and tire pressure

100 SENSORS







The New York Stock Exchange captures

WORLD POPULATION: 7 BILLION

1 TB OF TRADE INFORMATION

during each trading session



Velocity ANALYSIS OF

STREAMING DATA

By 2016, it is projected there will be

18.9 BILLION **NETWORK** CONNECTIONS

- almost 2.5 connections per person on earth



The FOUR V's of Big Data

break big data into four dimensions: Volume. **Velocity, Variety and Veracity**

4.4 MILLION IT JOBS



As of 2011, the global size of data in healthcare was estimated to be

[161 BILLION GIGABYTES]



30 BILLION PIECES OF CONTENT are shared on Facebook every month

Variety

DIFFERENT **FORMS OF DATA**



4 BILLION+ **HOURS OF VIDEO**

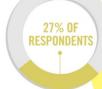
are watched on YouTube each month



400 MILLION TWEETS are sent per day by about 200 million monthly active users

1 IN 3 BUSINESS

don't trust the information they use to make decisions



in one survey were unsure of how much of their data was inaccurate



Poor data quality costs the US economy around

\$3.1 TRILLION A YEAR



Veracity

UNCERTAINTY OF DATA





Analyse the data



- What is the meaning of the collected data?
- Example with farming
 - What is interesting for farmers?
 - Fertility detection
 - Eating/Ruminating time for welfare
 - What data can be easily obtained?
 - accelerometer data with neck-mounted collar
 - How to detect relevant event from these data?

Advanced data analysis

Need of experts from the domain!

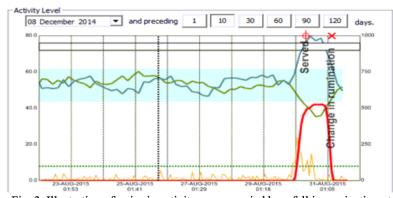


Fig. 3. Illustration of a rise in activity accompanied by a fall in rumination at the point of <u>oestrus</u>

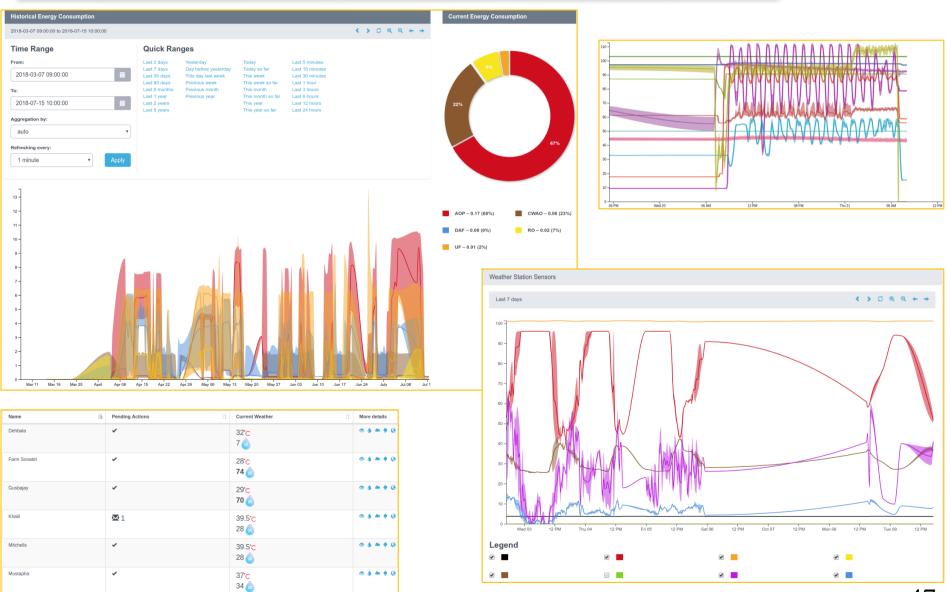
The Big Data landscape





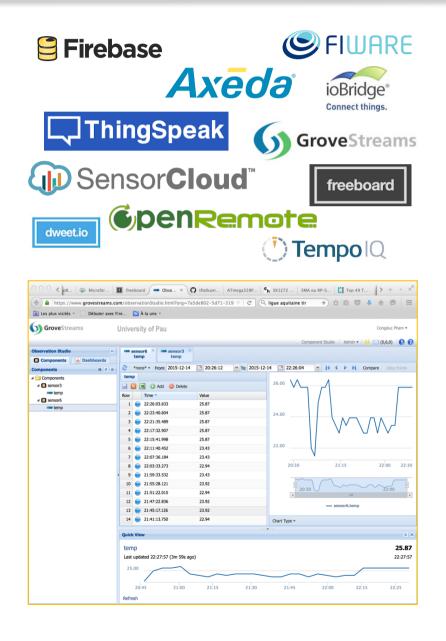
Visualize and managing the data





IoT cloud and visualization tools









Create customized IoT dashboard for agriculture domain



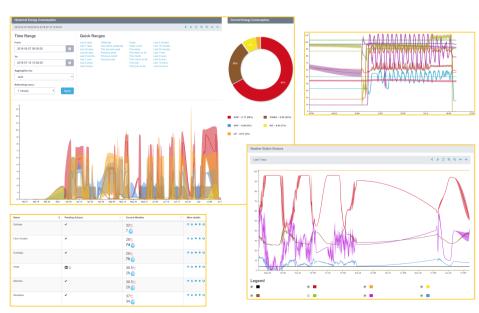
- WAZIFARM
 - □ https://www.wazifarm.com
 - platform & framework for realization of advanced visualization, data analytics applications for various agriculture use cases, targeting a smallholder's profile

Web-based framework for creating your own agriculture

application

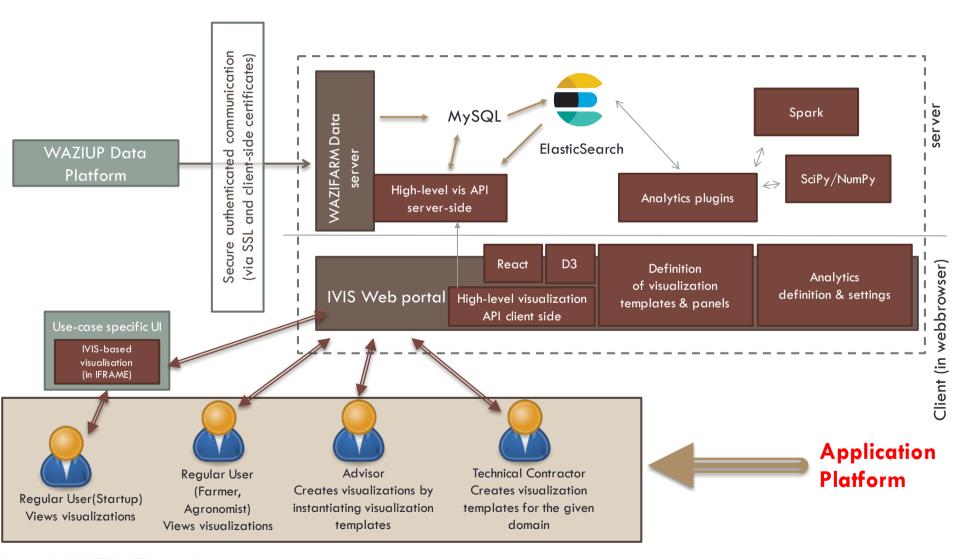
Easy to use framework based on the concept of visualization templates, workspaces, and panels.

Allows much higher customizations than what is possible in existing products (Kibana, Grafana, Freeboard)



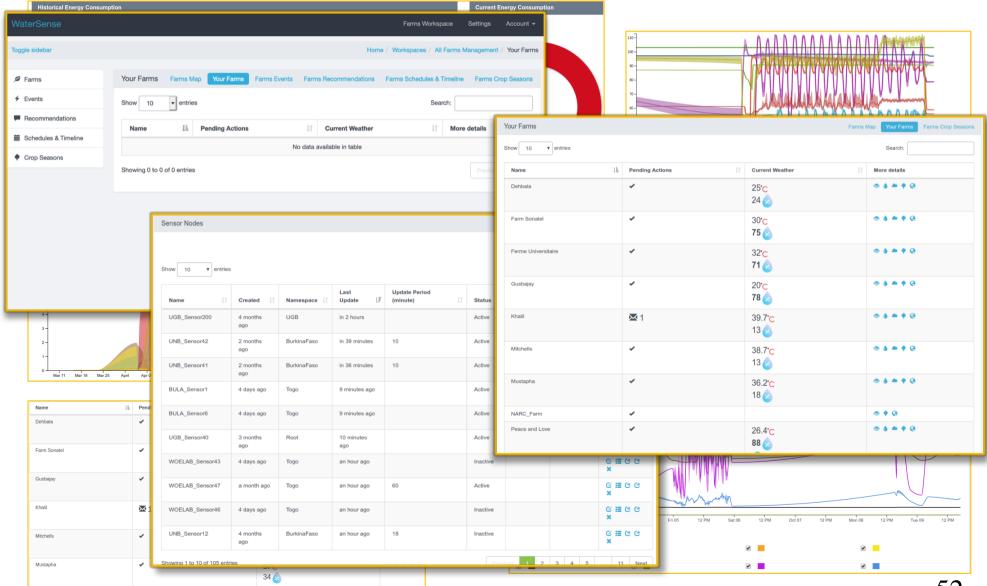
WAZIFarm architecture





Beyond visualization: management





Open IoT gateway

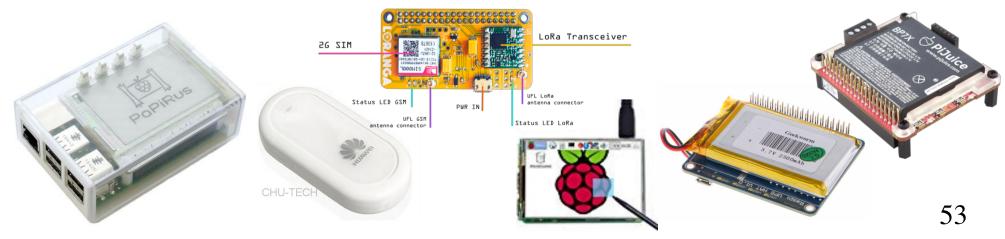






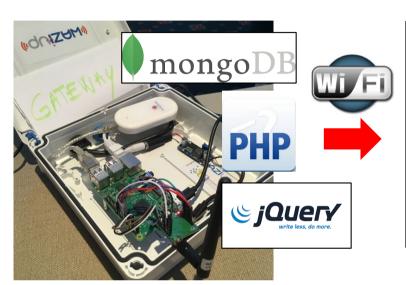
Raspberry PI: lots of libraries, lots of software, lots of hardware, lots of shields,...

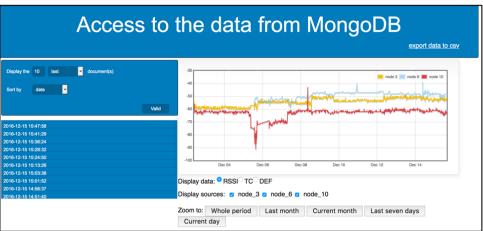


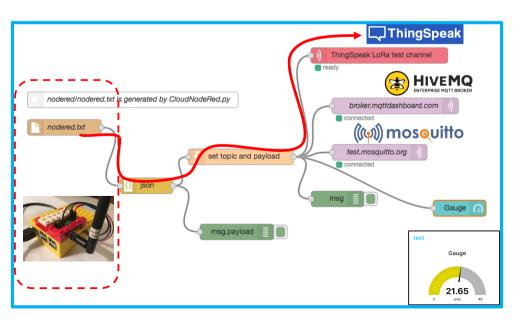


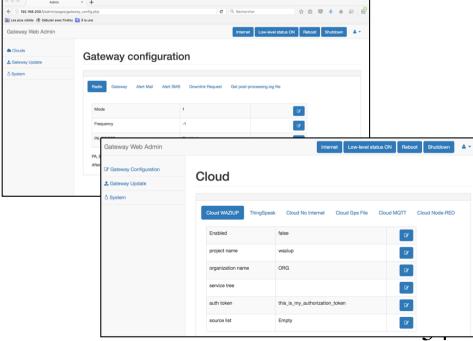
Versatile gateway











Large customization possibilities

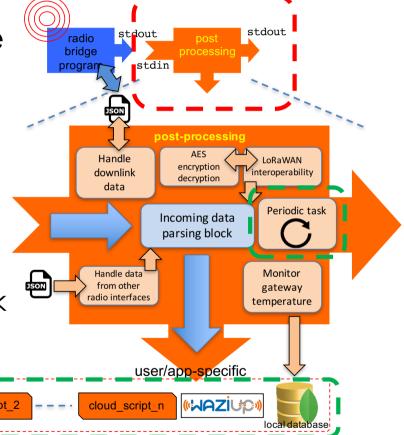


- ☐ The flexible gateway architecture offers high versatility by customization
- There are 4 alternatives for customization
- ☐ The geek way
 - Modify/extend post-processing block
- ☐ The "smarter" way
 - Add "cloud" scripts
 - On packet reception
 - Add low rate periodic tasks
 - Independant from packet reception

Cloud definition

cloud script 1

Add fast rate statistic-oriented tasks



"Branding" your IoT gateway



Develop/Add project/company specific features on top of the general distribution



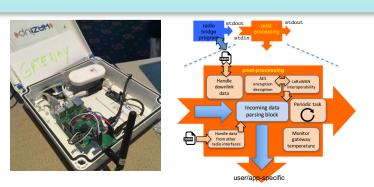
ADDITIONAL FEATURES SET 2

ADDITIONAL FEATURES SET 1











6. C 10.NEXESTATION (Appropriate		e	Q, techeroner	200	9 4	8 5	1 12
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Gateway Web Admin			Stamel Low-level status (N	Adopt	944	-	4+
■ Couls	0-1						
A. Gateway Lipsiste	Gateway cor	inguration					
∆ System							
	Non-	1 And SMS Ocurido Request		œ.			
	m,scorr	Disabled		œ.			
		ome radio modules such as hulvilli, PEMISTAL ET settings, nur Gateway Opdate/Basis config		ngsen			

Some research we are doing



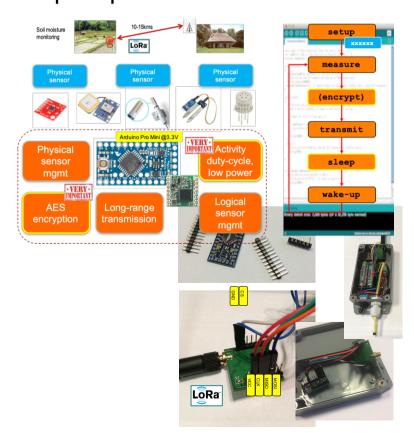
- Activity sharing to leverage radio time limitations under duty-cycle regulations
- Efficient channel access control to limit packet collisions
- Performance & reliability study of LoRa channel activity detection mechanism
- Smart and transparent 2-hop LoRa mechanism
- 2-hop LoRa extension with inter-device similarity detection
- RSSI-distance dynamic mapping for real time localization using minimum number of GPS nodes
- Low-power data encryption algorithms (vs AES)

R&D with WAZIUP

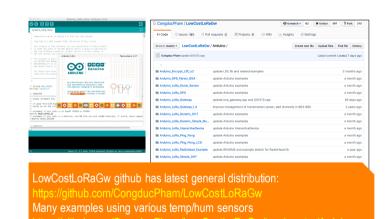


☐ The WAZIUP framework is good test-bed framework for fast implementation, performance evaluation and validation of research

propositions









Conclusions



- □ ICT/IoT awareness is high
 - But lack of technological background makes IoT-based innovation low
- □ ICT/IoT for agriculture is not new concept
 - But taking into account smallholders profiles, needs and constraints is not always considered
- Low-cost, "do-it-yourself" loT has ability to
 - Propose adapted solutions to smallholders in terms of costs and complexity
 - Increase technology competencies and capacity building of local actors
 - ☐ Engage user community with stakeholders
 - Acceralerate innovation and local entrepreneurship

Scaling up!



Feb 2016 - 2019







May 2018 - 2021



