

# Internet: Past, present, future

C. Pham

Université de Pau et des Pays de l'Adour

Département Informatique

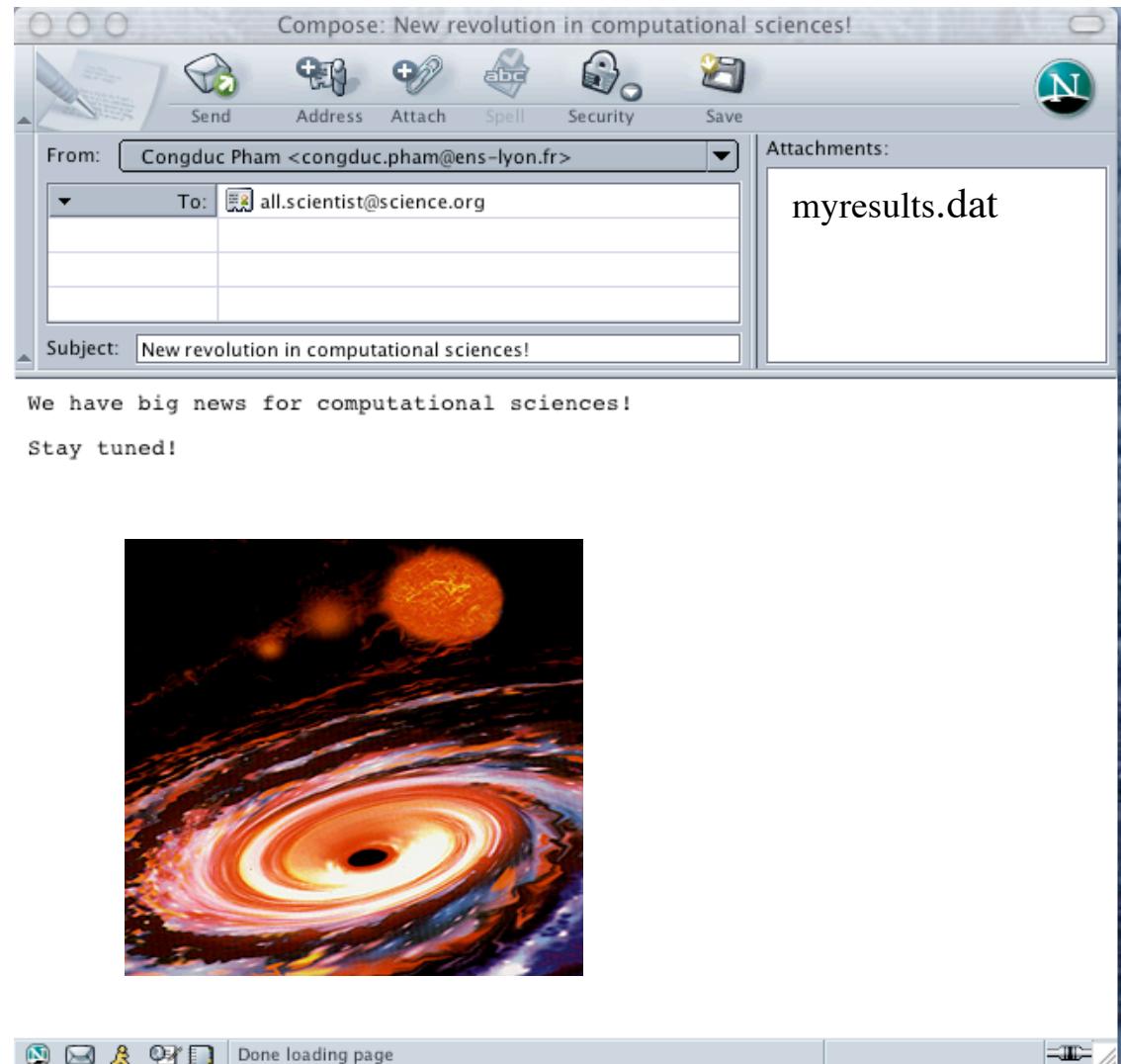
<http://www.univ-pau.fr/~cpham>

[Congduc.Pham@univ-pau.fr](mailto:Congduc.Pham@univ-pau.fr)



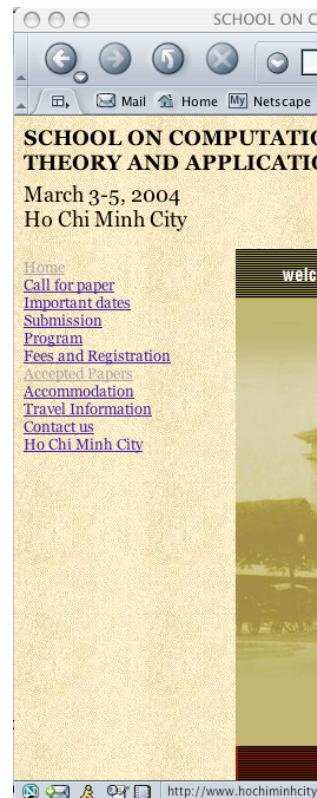
# Internet usage: e-mail...

- Convenient way to communicate in an informal manner
- Attachments as a easy way to exchange data files, images...



# ...and surfing the web

- A true revolution for rapid access to information
- Increasing number of apps:
  - e-science,
  - e-commerce, B2B, B2C,
  - e-training, e-learning,
  - e-tourism
  - ...



**NEWS**

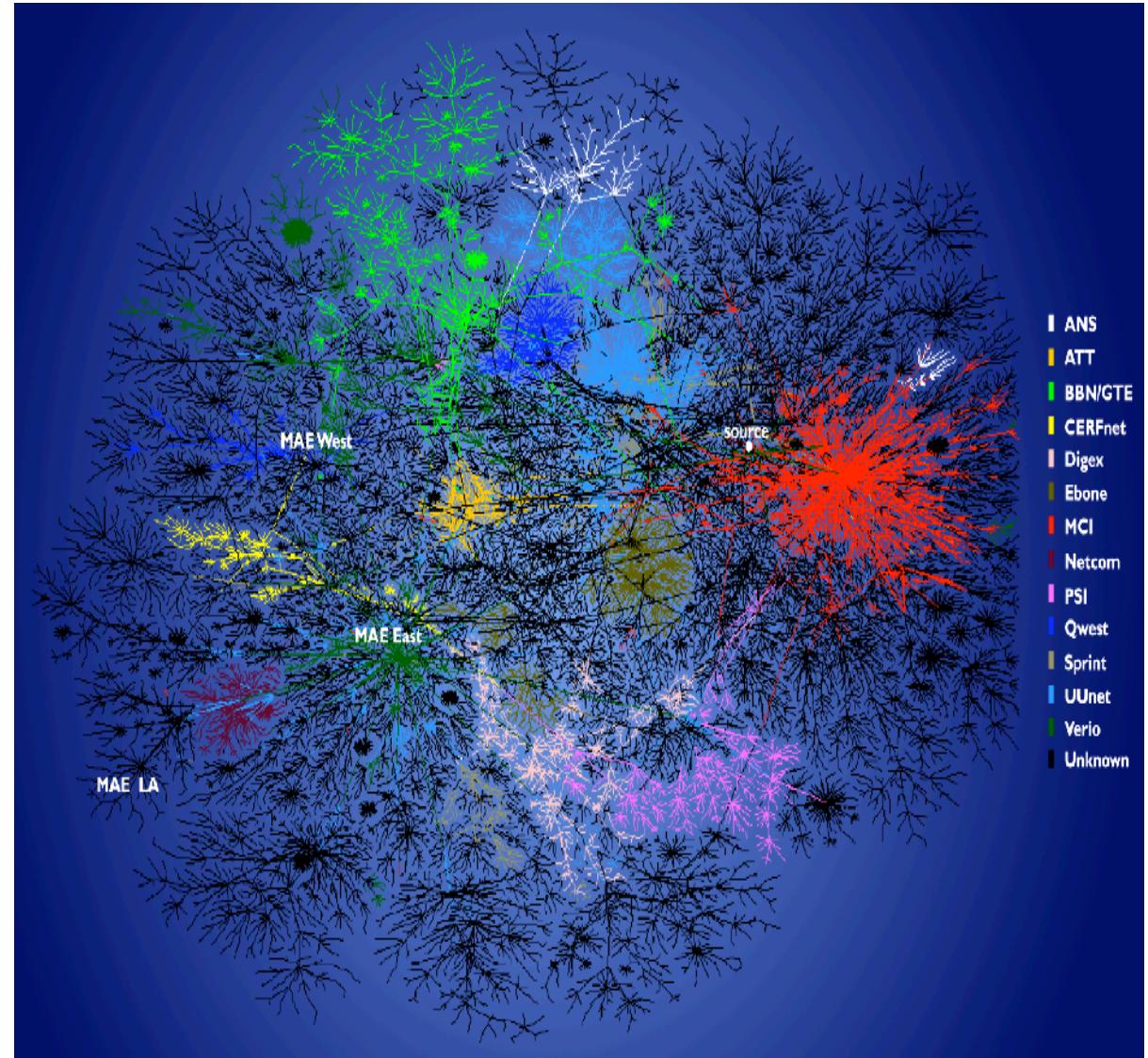
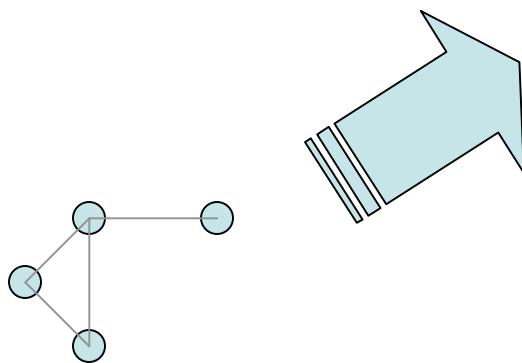
Latest data indicate that Internet is used by more than 1 billion people worldwide!

This represents only 15.7% of the total population making room for much more Internet users in a near future.

Source [www.internetworldstats.com](http://www.internetworldstats.com)

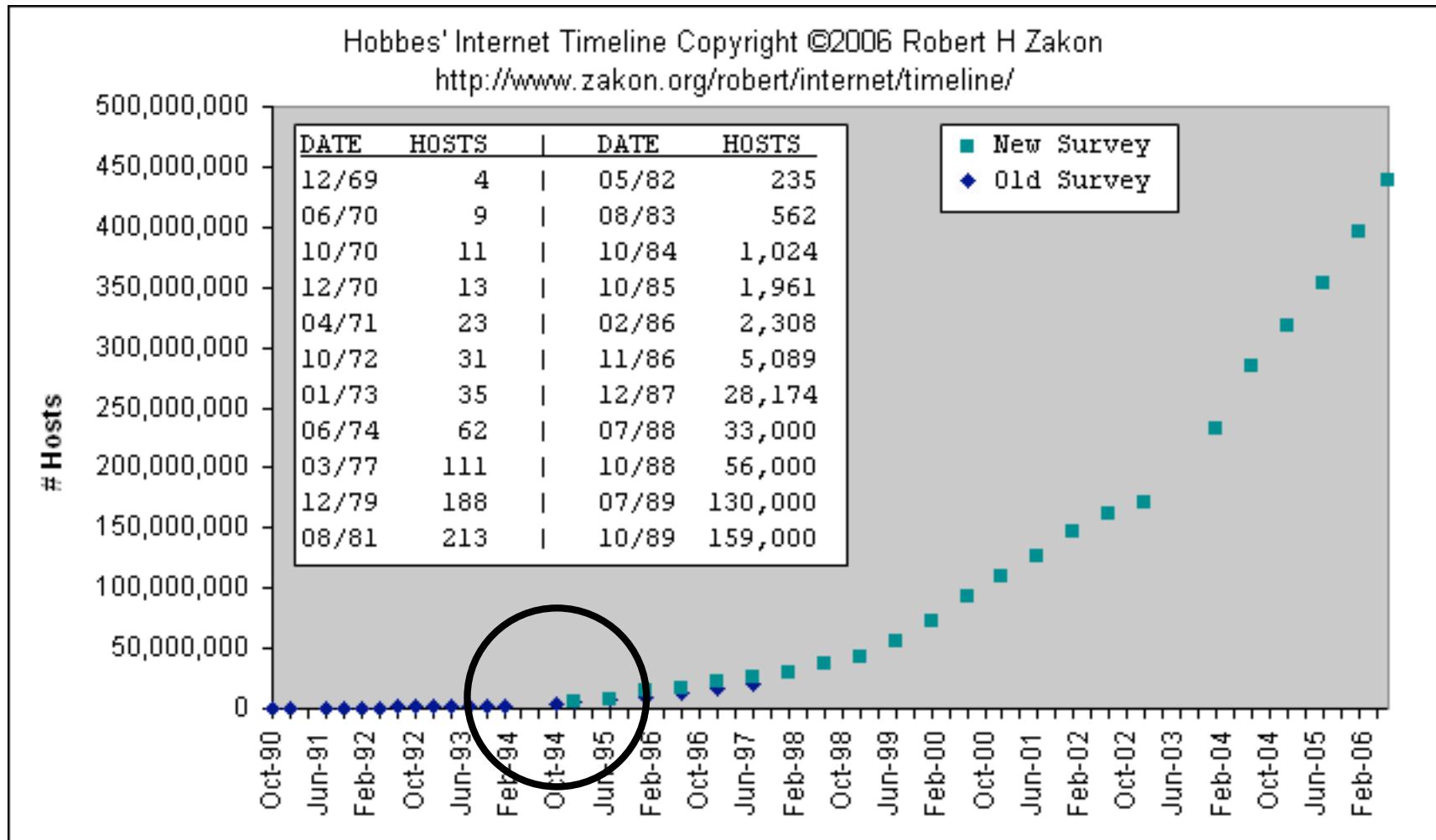


# The big-bang of the Internet

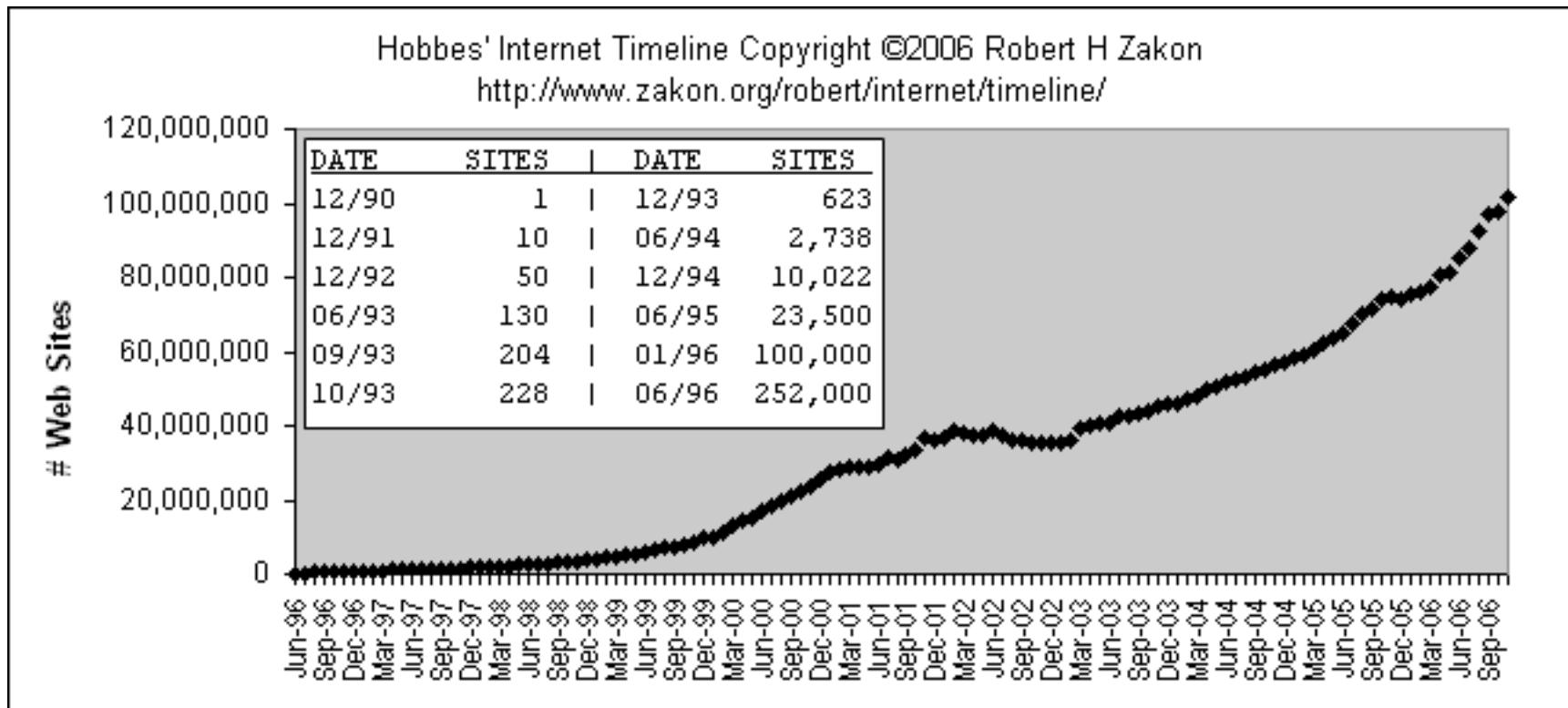


Introduction

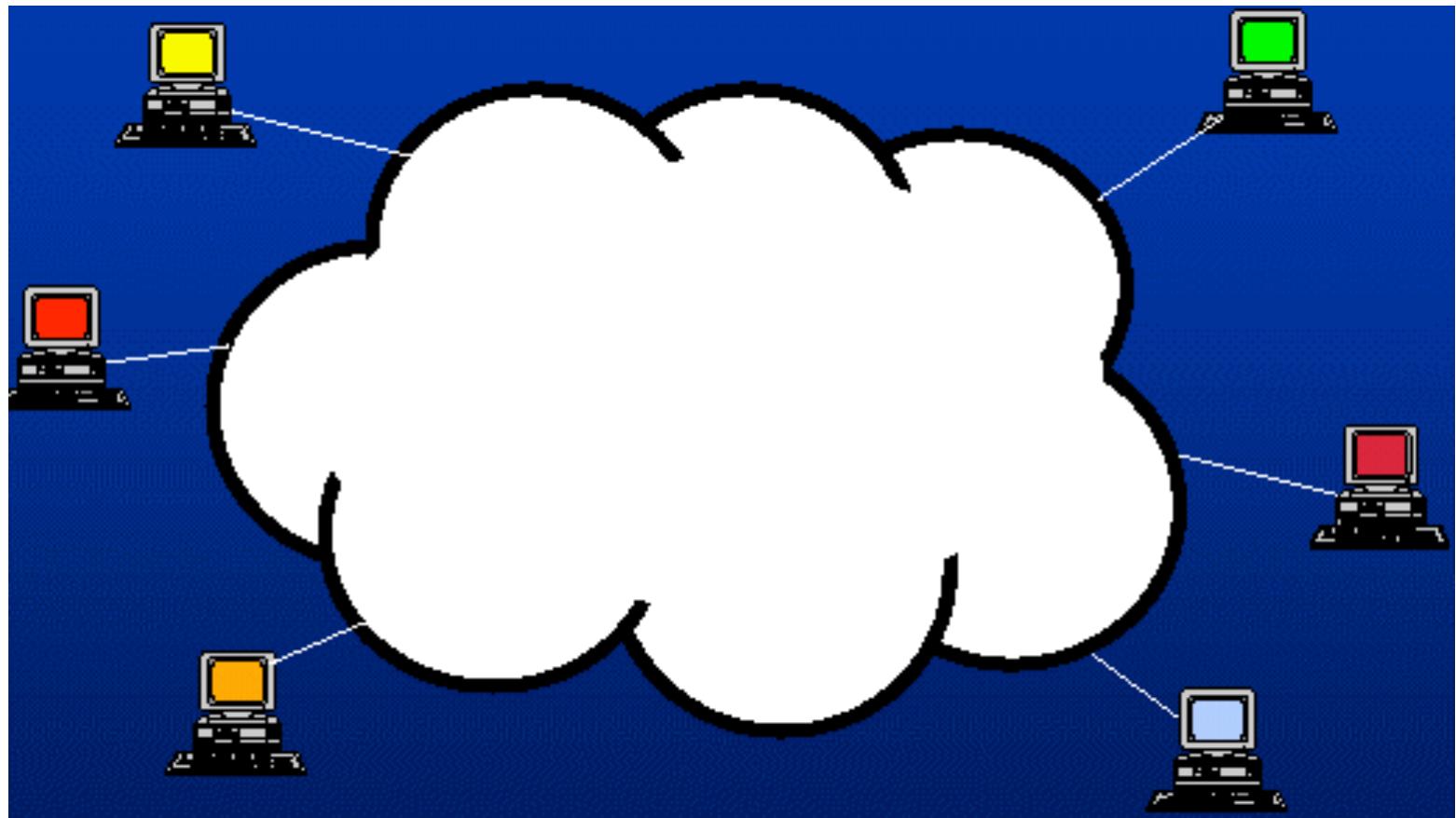
# # Internet host



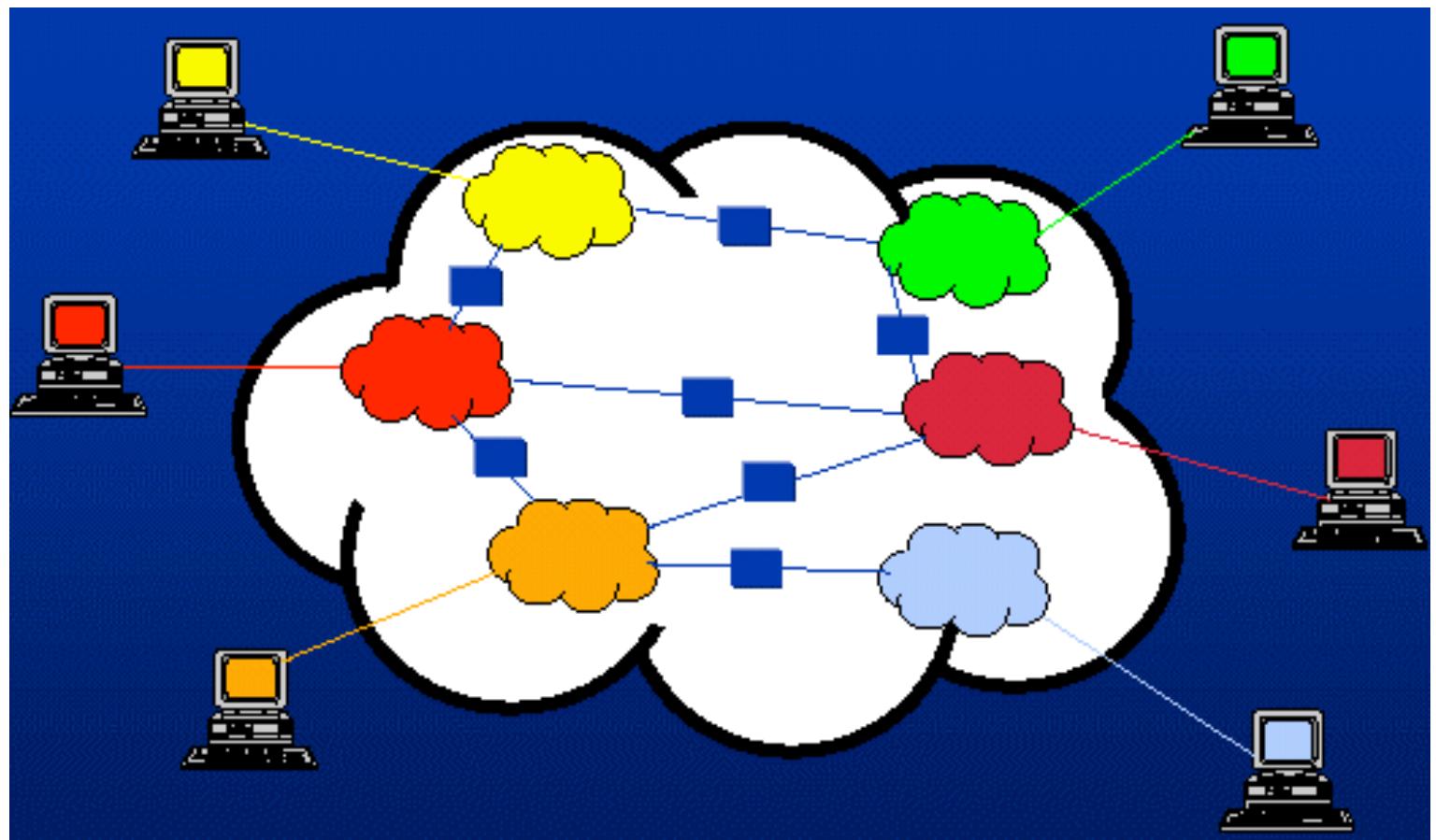
# www.web-the-big-bang.org



# A user's perspective of the Internet



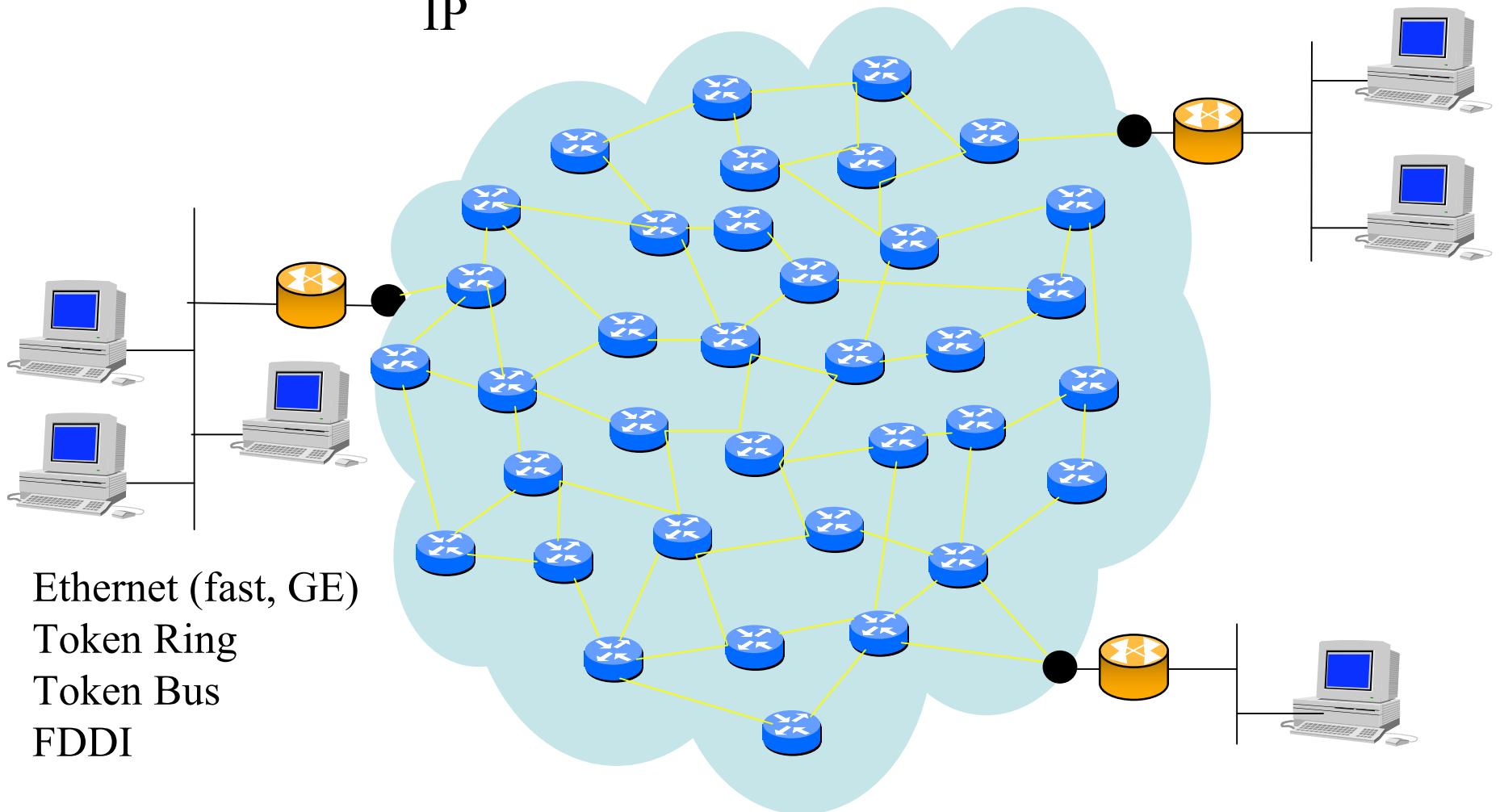
# Internet, in reality...



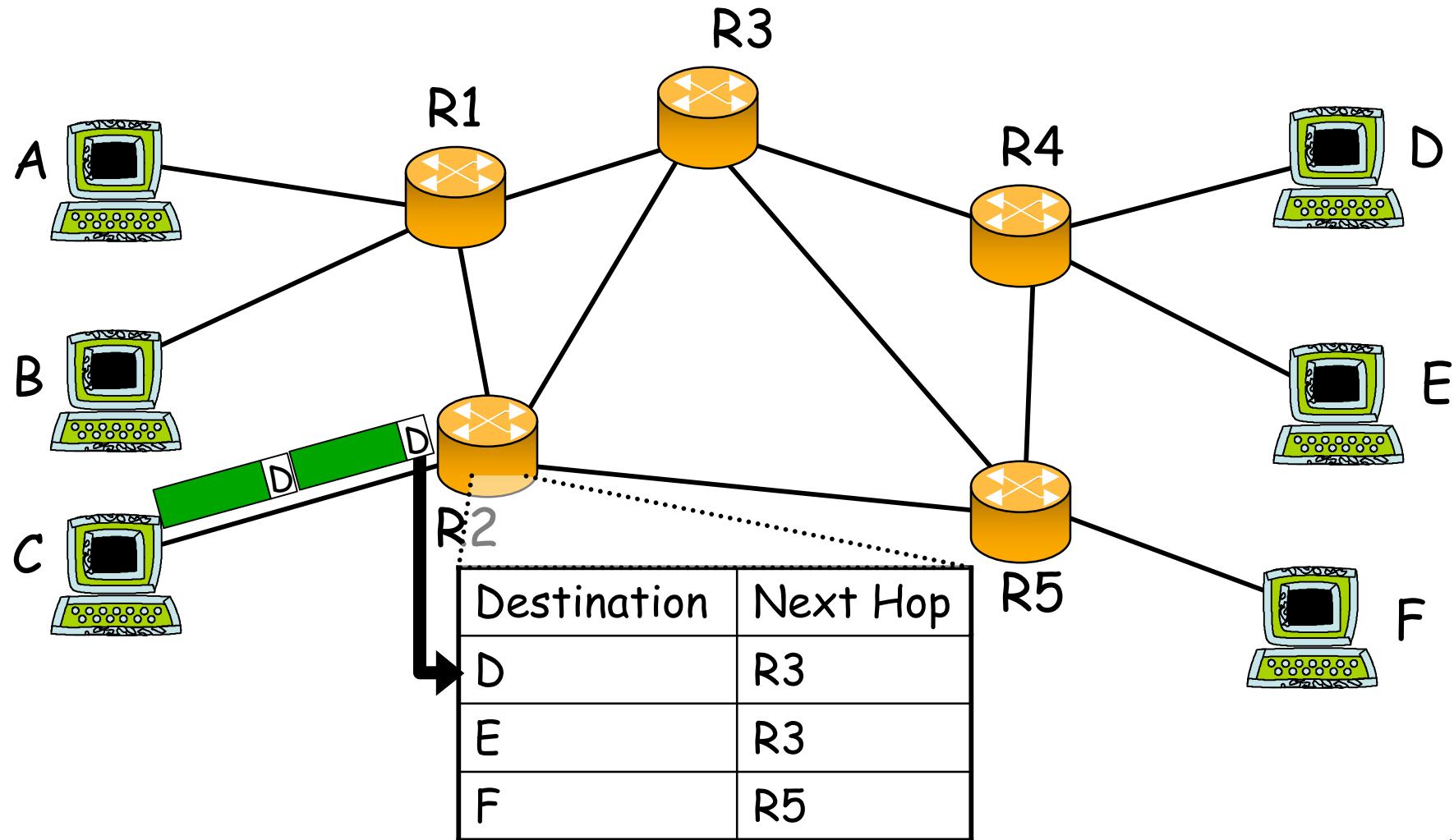
# Why this presentation?

X25, FR, ATM, SONET/SDH

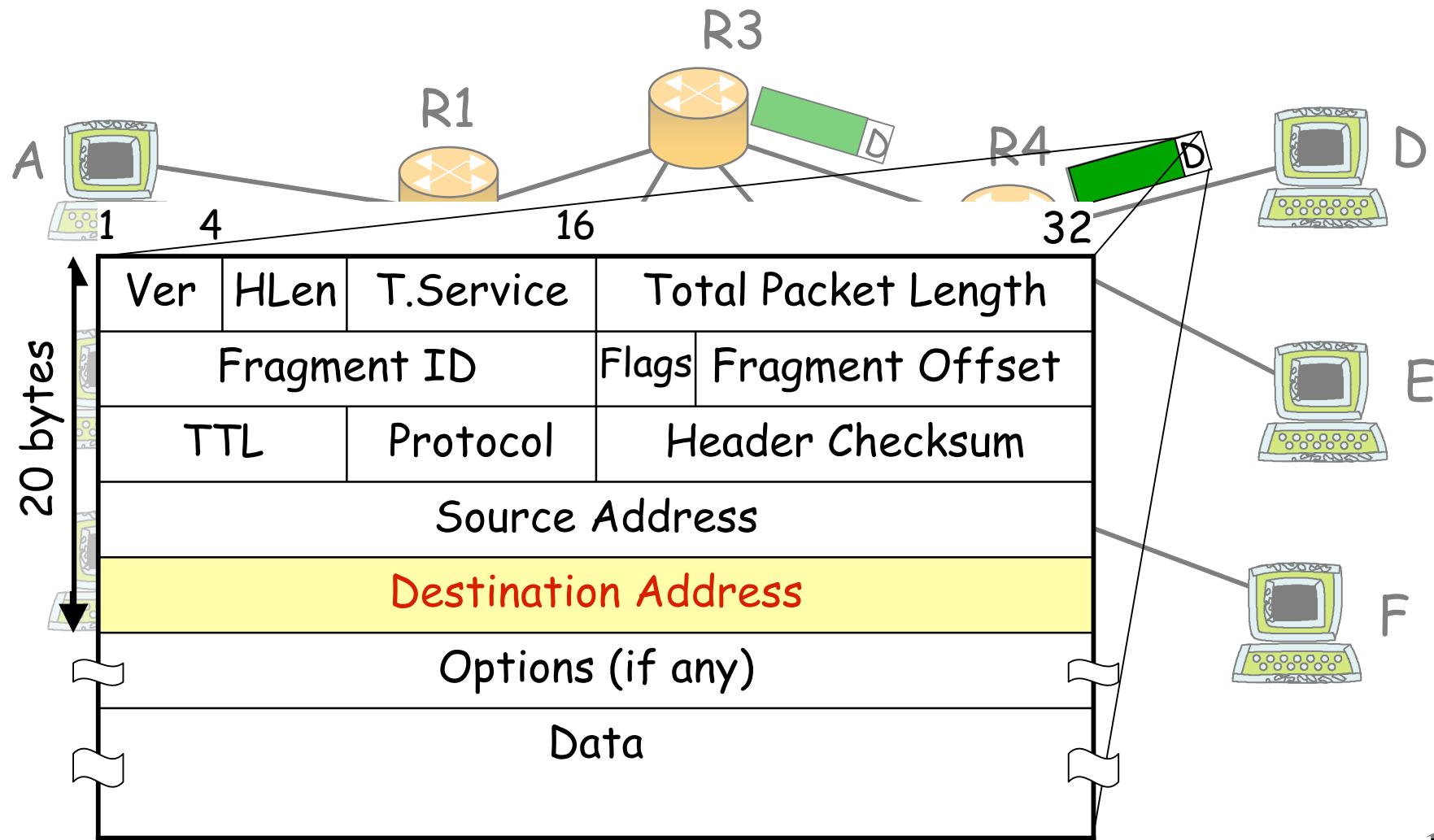
IP



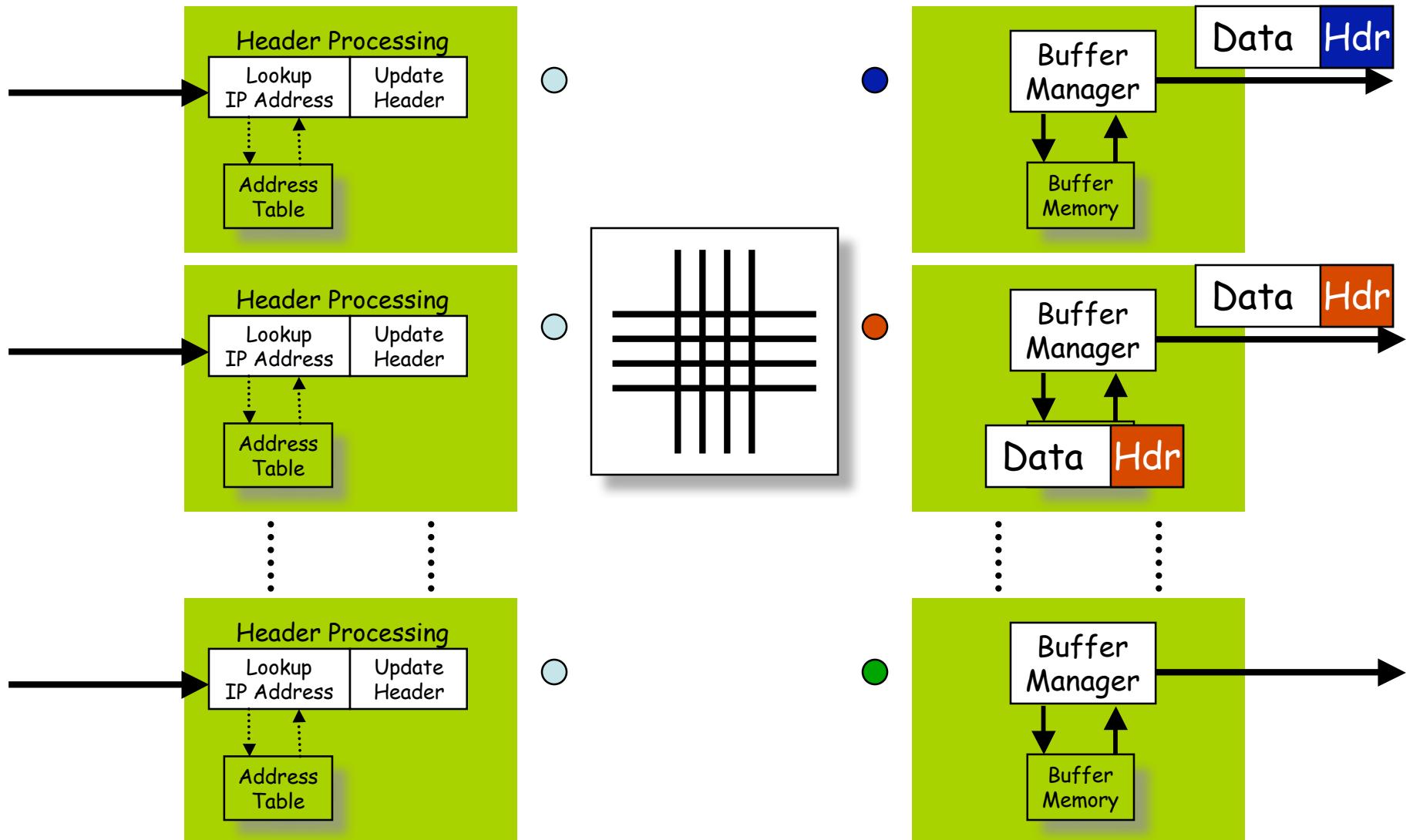
# Hop-by-hop routing



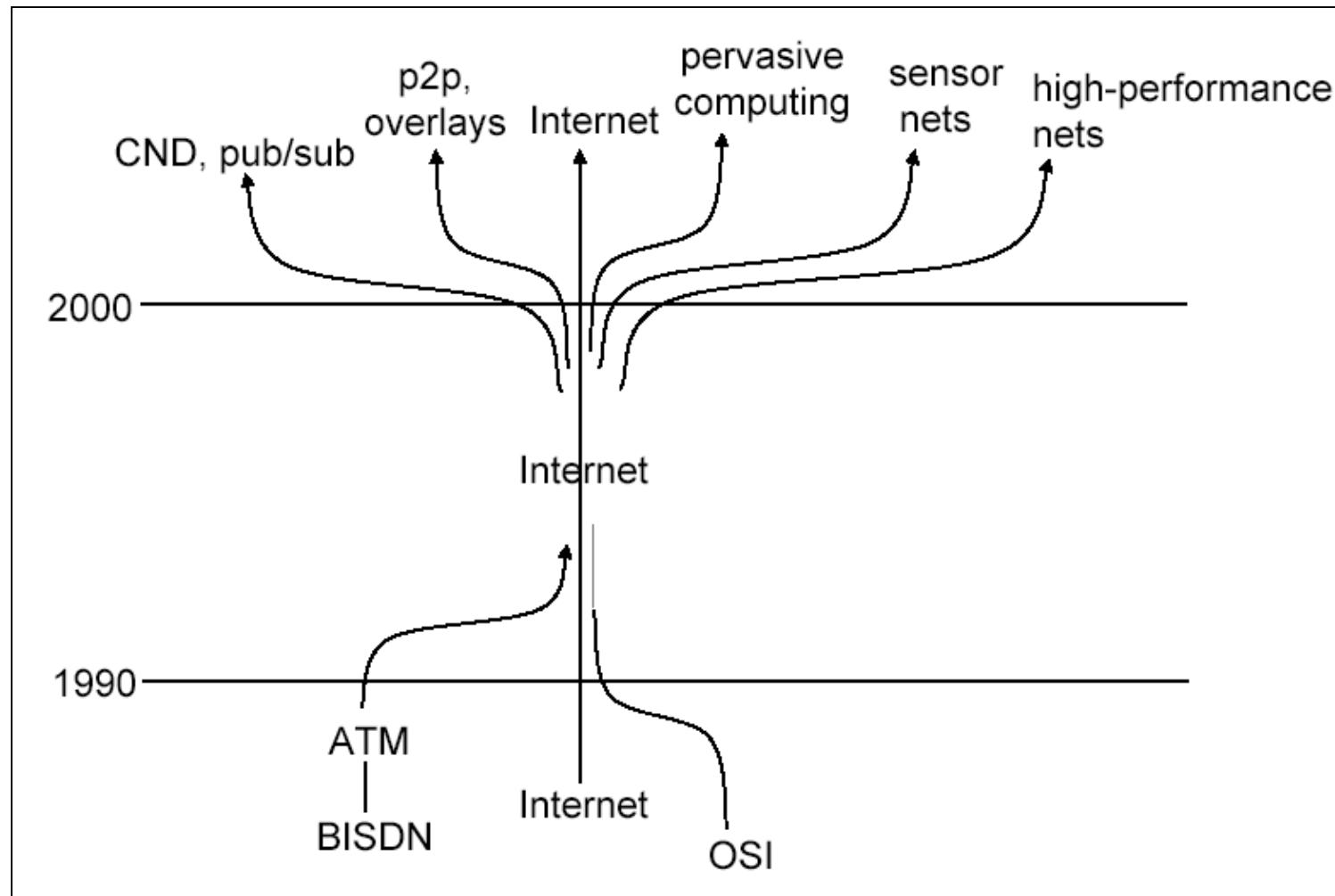
# IP-based routing



# General router architecture



# Towards all IP

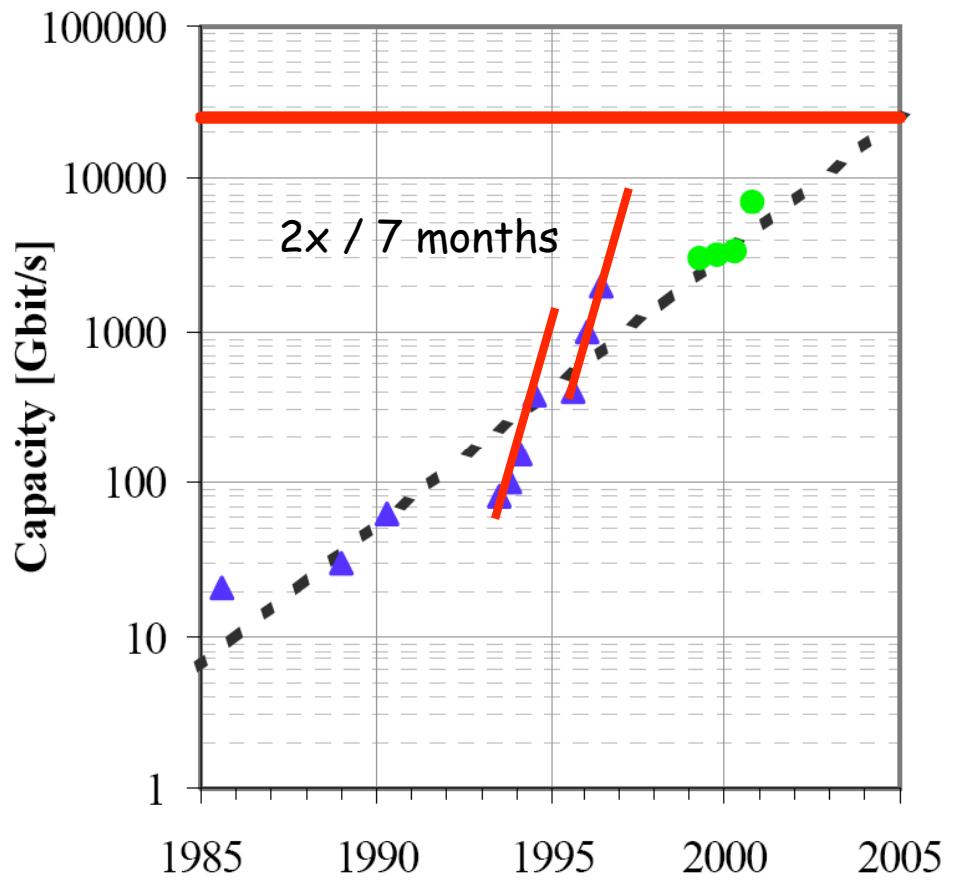
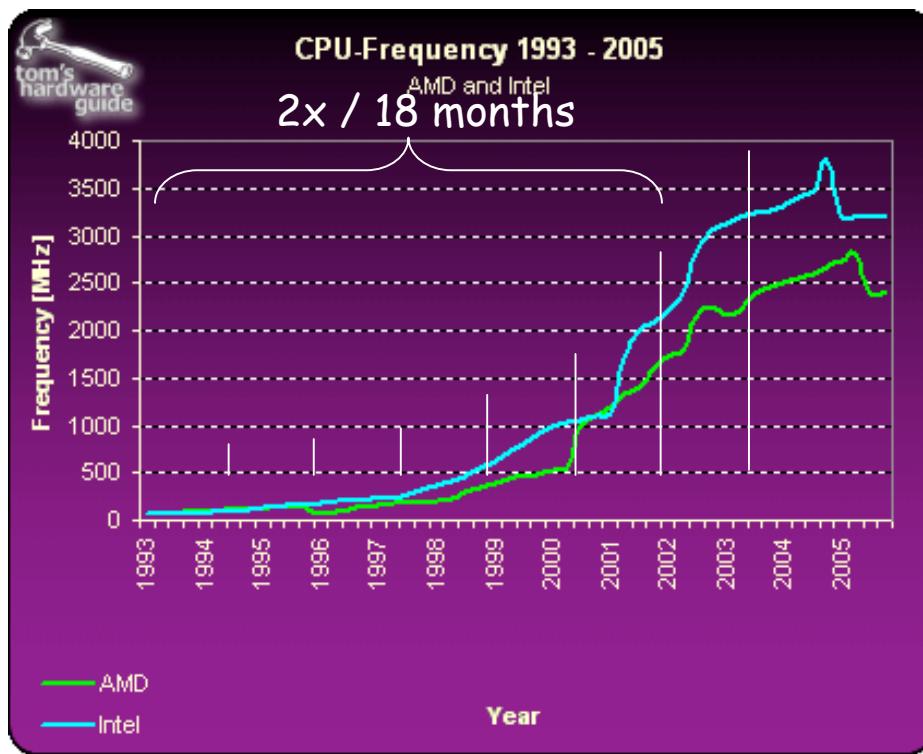


# A whole new world for IP





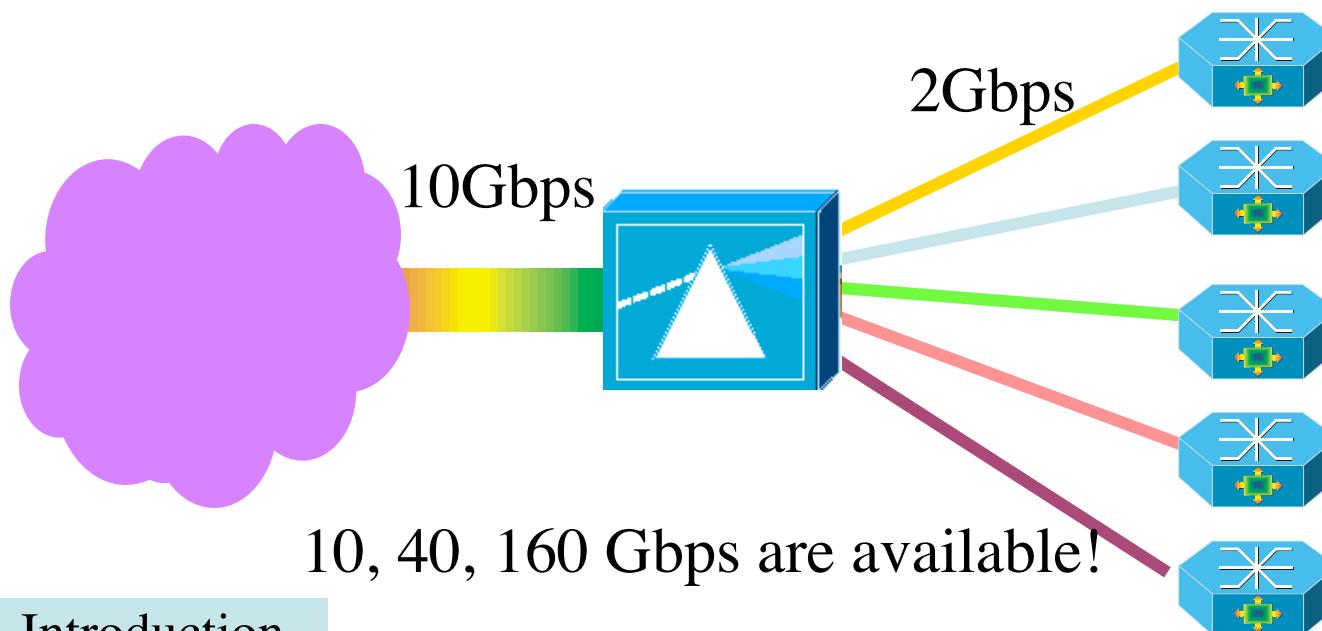
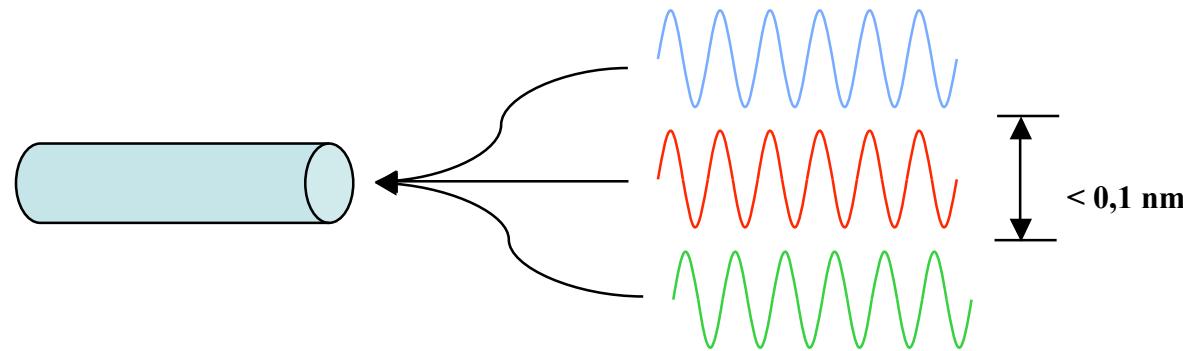
# The optical revolution!



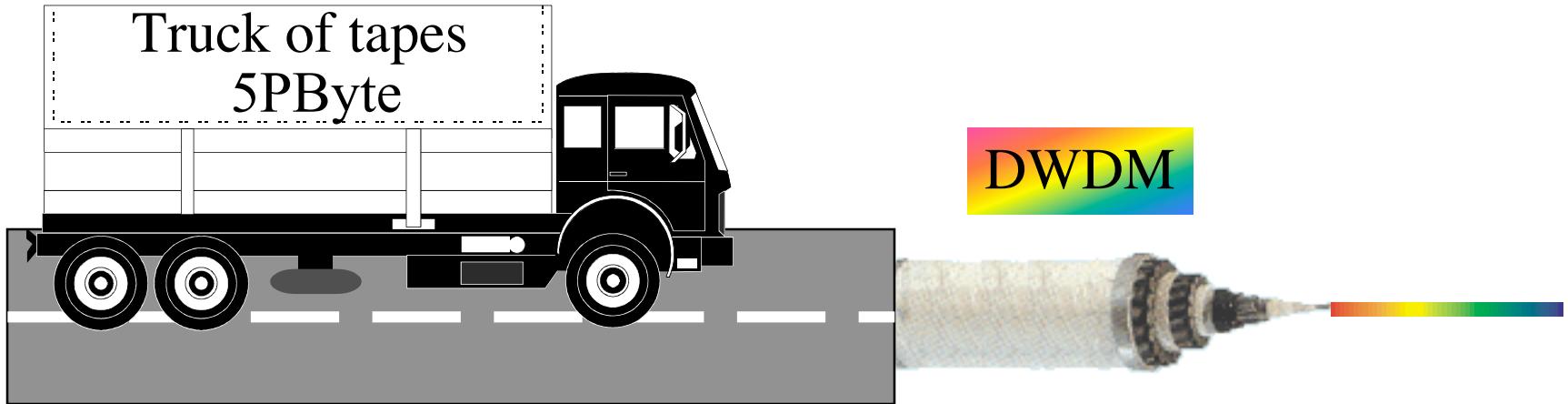
Source « Optical fibers for Ultra-Large Capacity Transmission » by J. Grochocinski

# DWDM, bandwidth for free?

DWDM: Dense Wavelength Division Multiplexing



# The information highways



NEWS of Dec 15th, 2004

3 A throughput of 1.28 Tbits/s has been achieved on a 430kms regular monomode fiber between France Telecom and Deutsch Telecom using 8 DWDM channels (EU project TOPRATE)

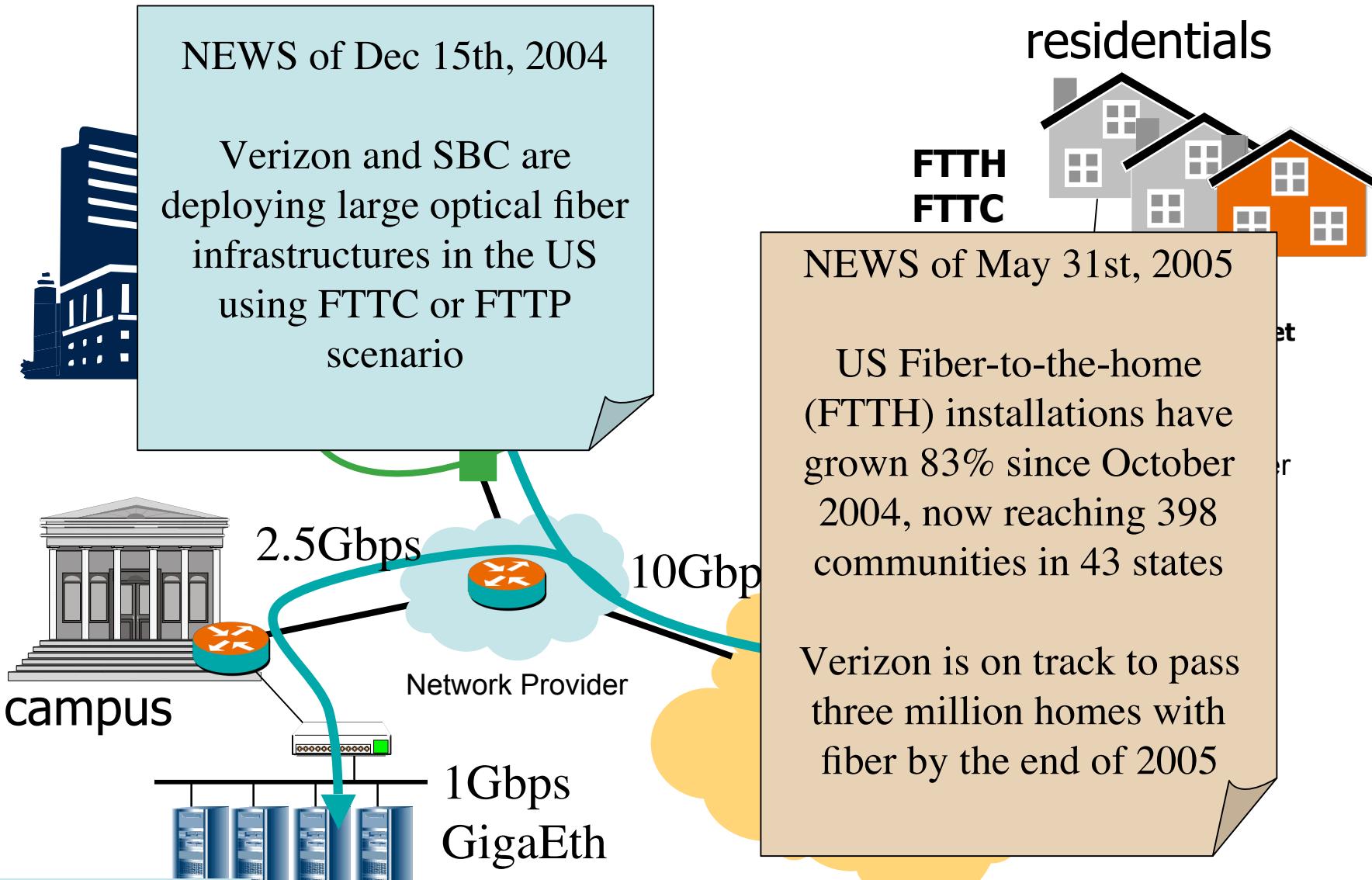
## Revisiting the truck of tapes

(18 of 18)

Consider one fiber

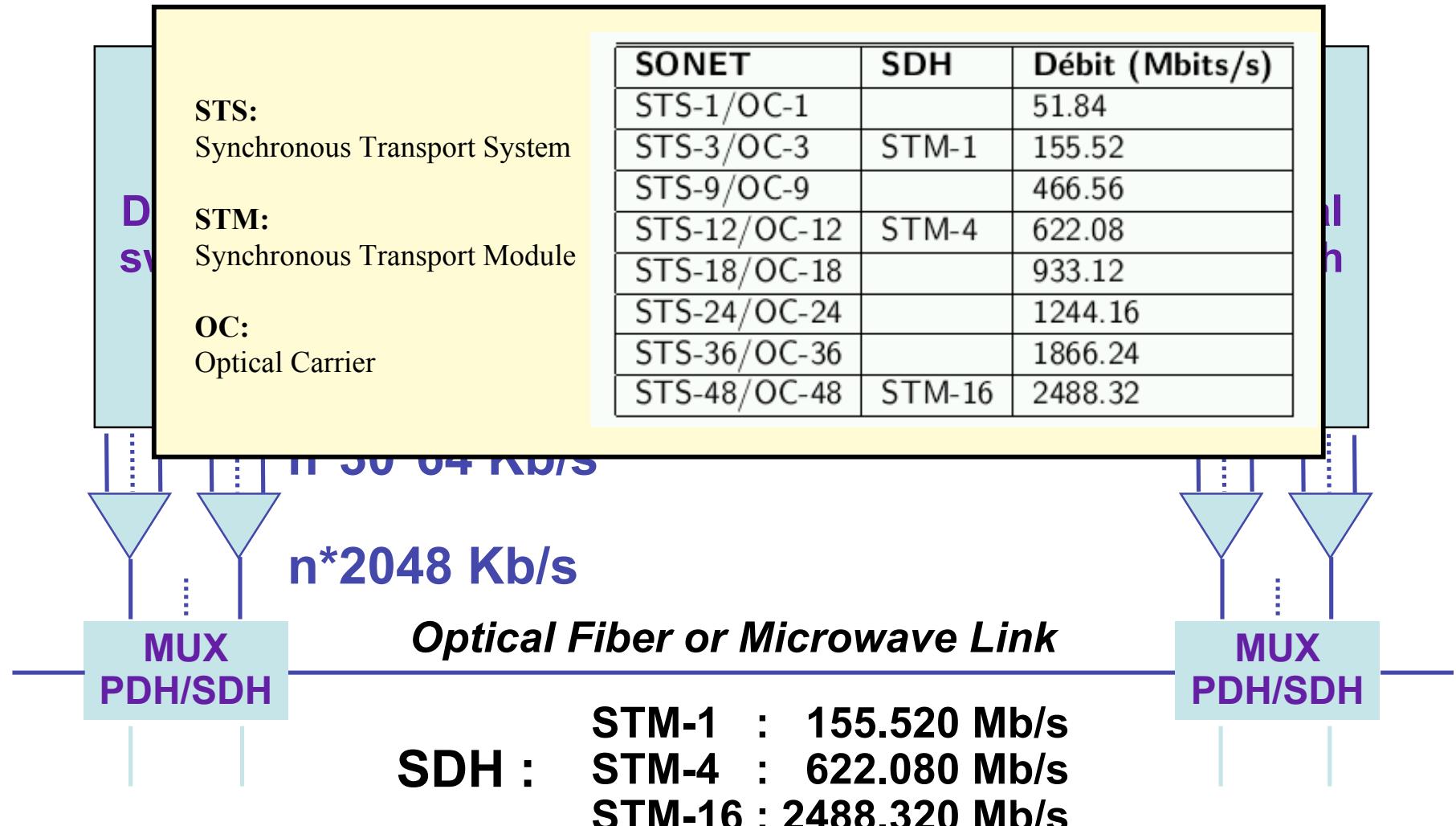
- Current technology allows for  $320 \lambda$  in one of the frequency bands
- Each  $\lambda$  has a bandwidth of 40 Gbit/s
- Transport:  $320 * 40 * 10^9 / 8 = 1600 \text{ GByte/sec}$
- Take a 10 metric ton truck
- One tape contains 50 Gbyte, weights 100 gr
- Truck contains  $(10000 / 0.1) * 50 \text{ Gbyte} = 5 \text{ PByte}$
- Truck / fiber =  $5 \text{ PByte} / 1600 \text{ GByte/sec} = 3125 \text{ s} \approx \text{one hour}$
- For distances further away than a truck drives in one hour (50 km) minus loading and handling 100000 tapes **the fiber wins!!!**

# Fibers everywhere?



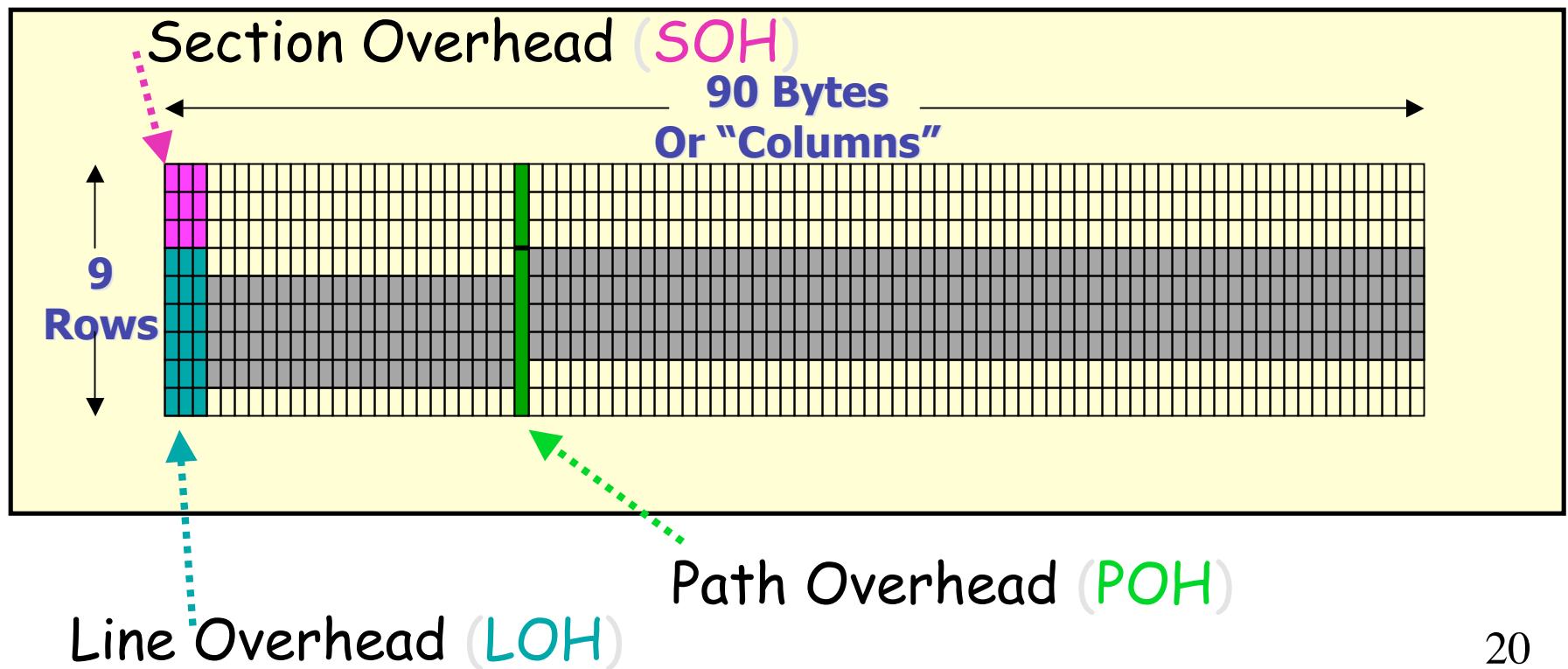
# SONET/SDH in the core

95% of exploited OF use SONET/SDH

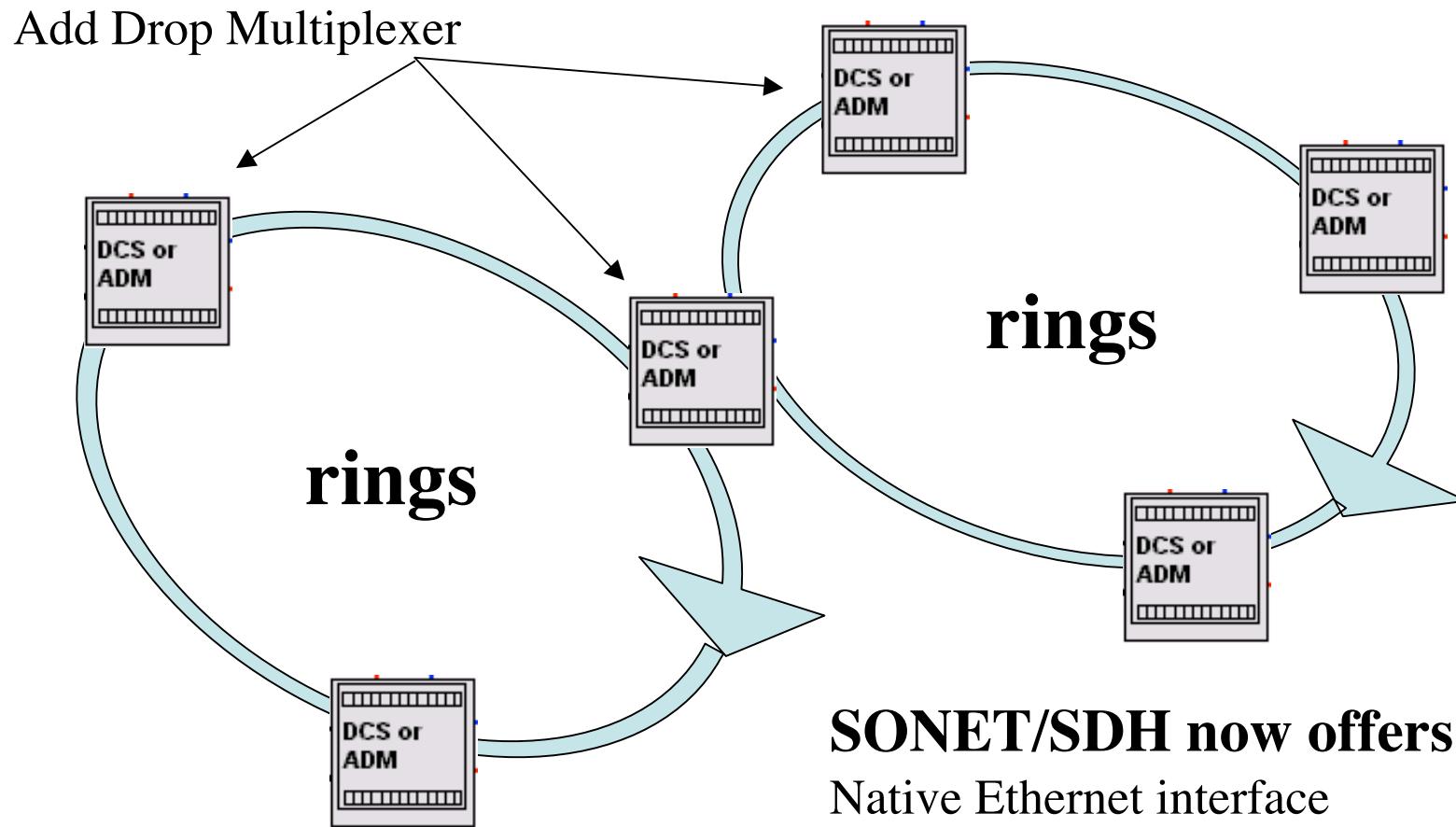


# The SONET frame

- Basic frame length is 810 bytes (TDM)
  - Sent every 125us, raw throughput of 51.84 Mbits/s (STS-1)
  - Better seen as a block with 90 columns and 9 lines



# SONET/SDH transport network infrastructure

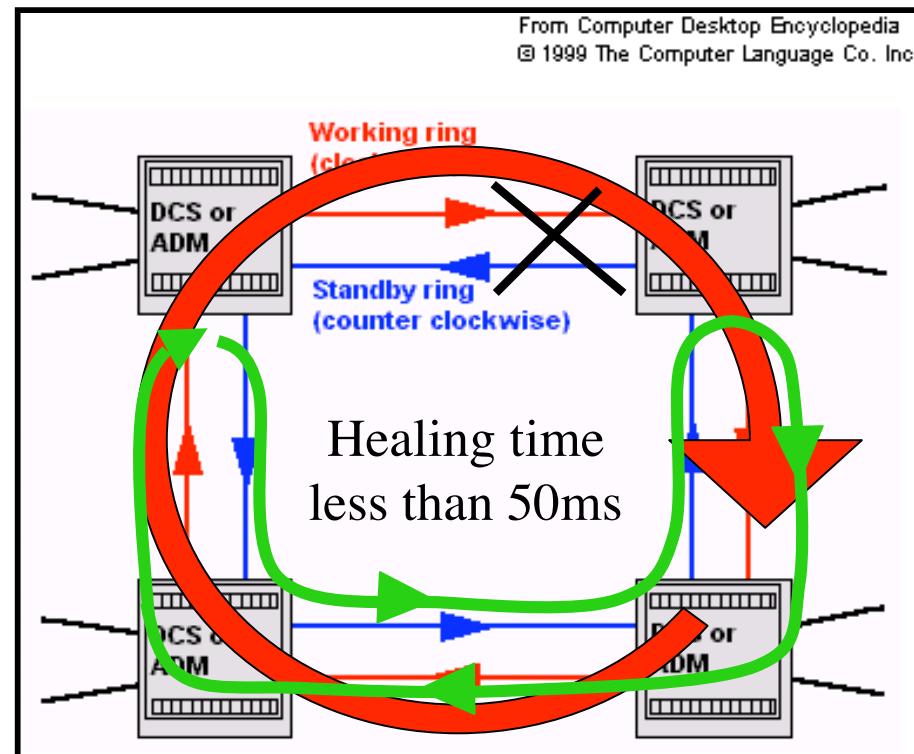


**SONET/SDH now offers**  
Native Ethernet interface  
Generic Framing Procedure  
Virtual Concatenation

# SONET/SDH and resiliency

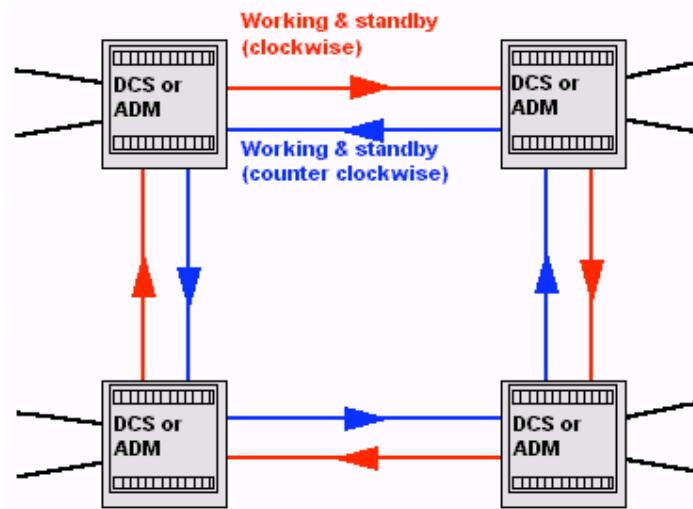
- SONET/SDH has built-in fault-tolerant features with multiple rings
- Ex: simple case

DCS  
(Digital Cross-Connects)



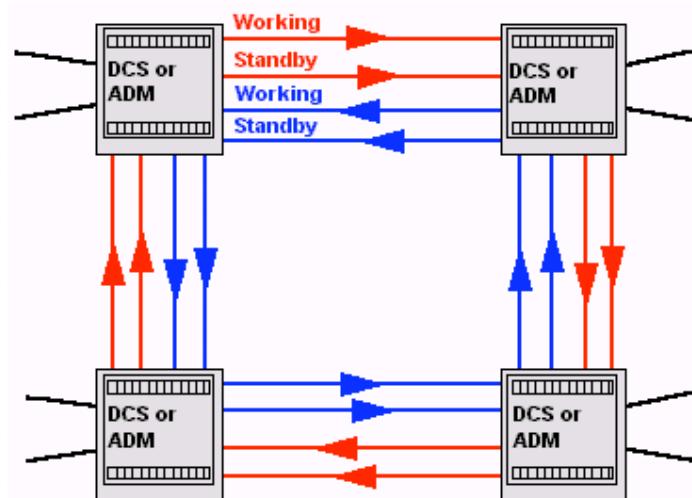
# High availability in SONET/SDH networks

From Computer Desktop Encyclopedia  
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bi-directional

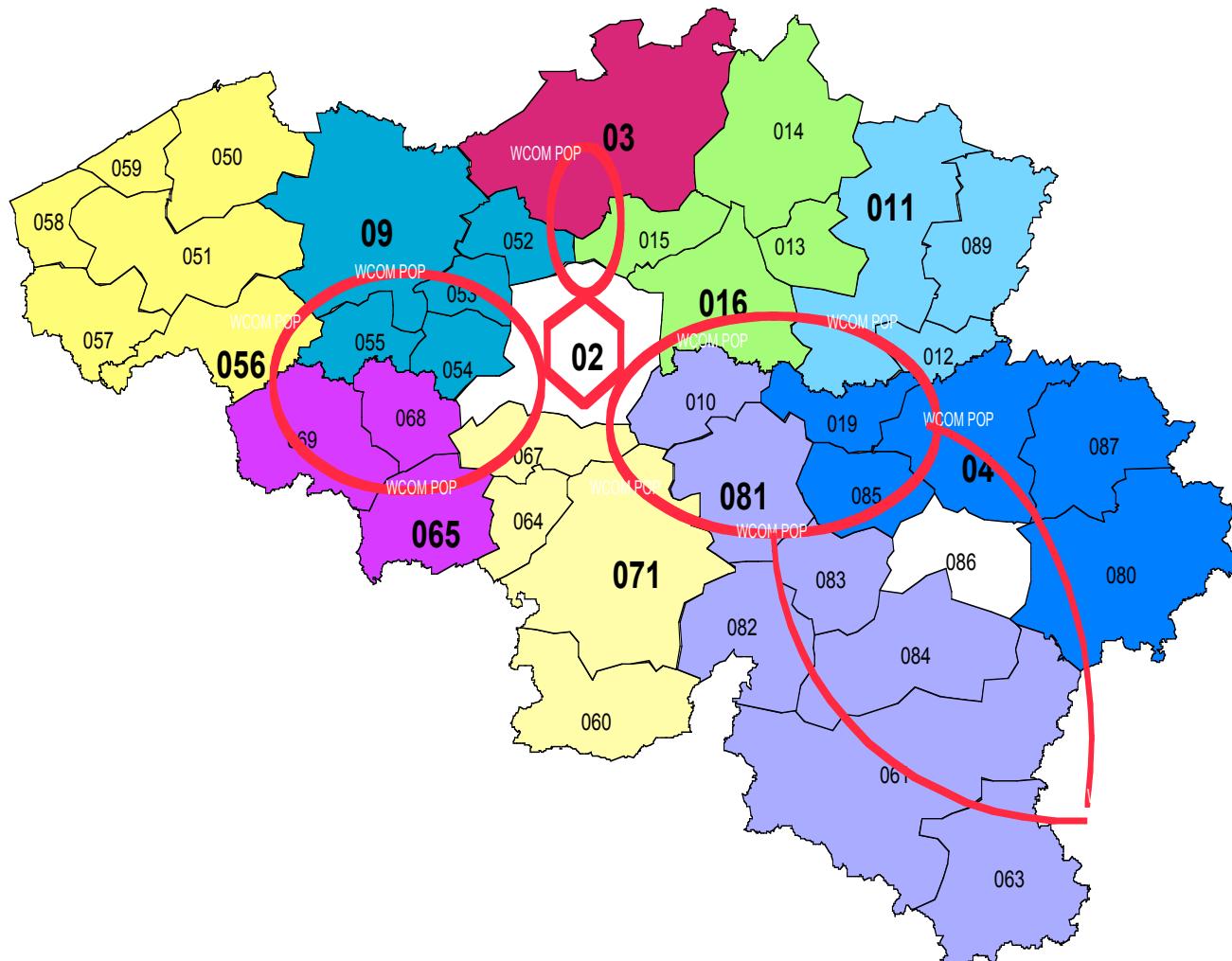
From Computer Desktop Encyclopedia  
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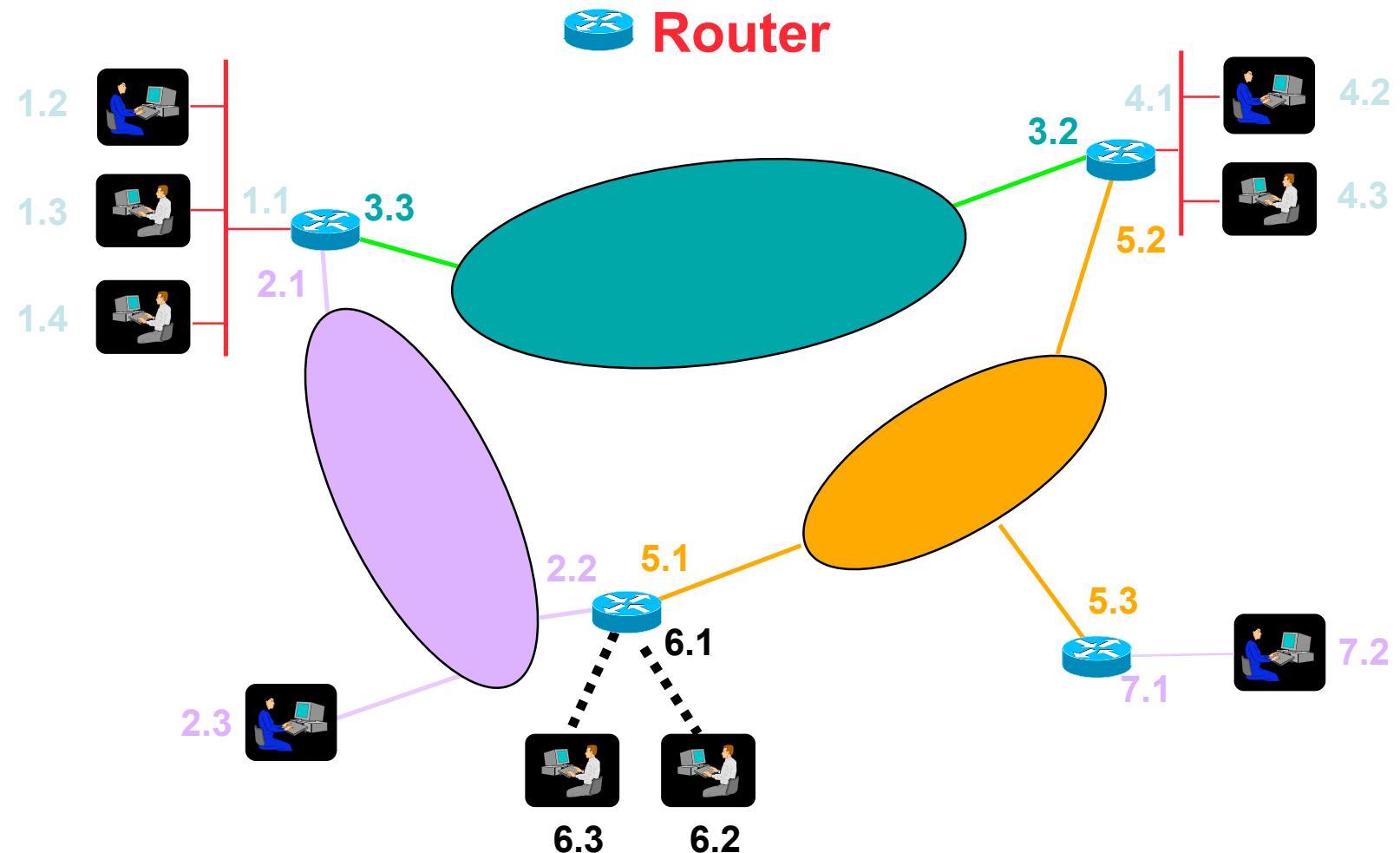
Found in most operators' networks

# SDH Rings

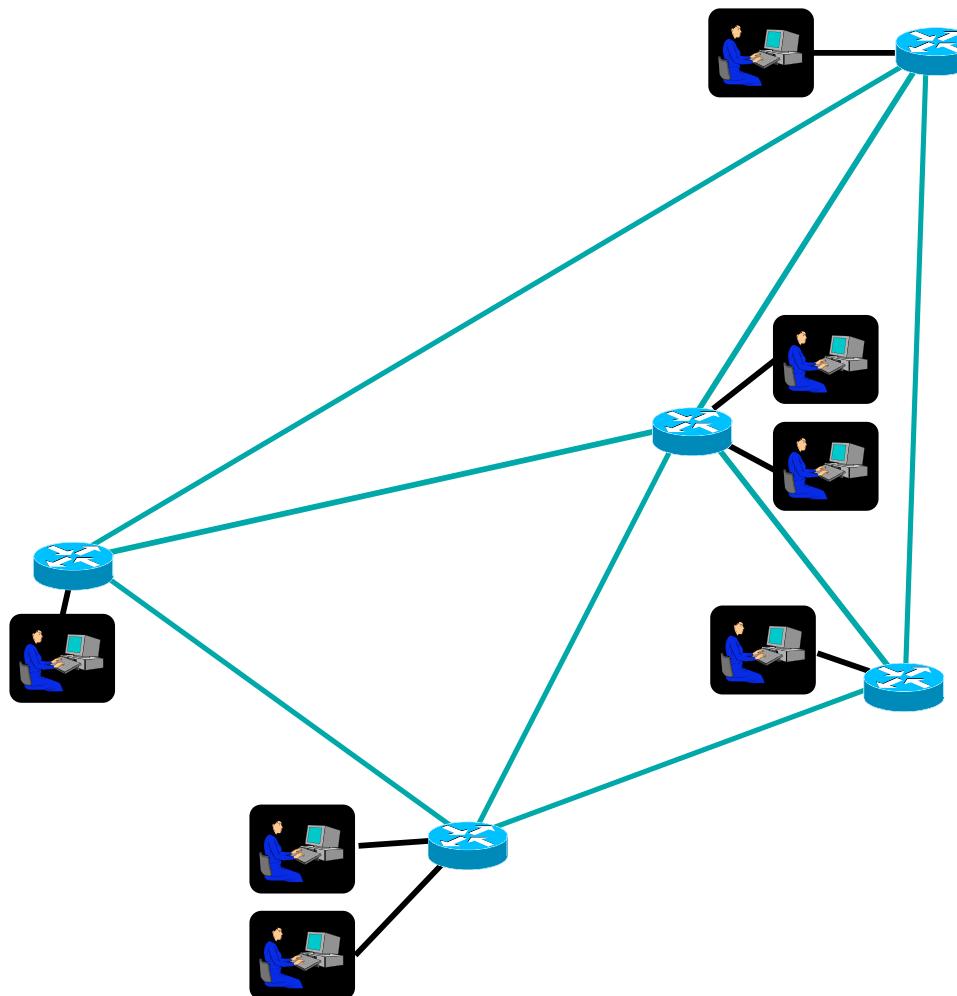
## The Worldcom Belgian Network



# Example: IP Networks



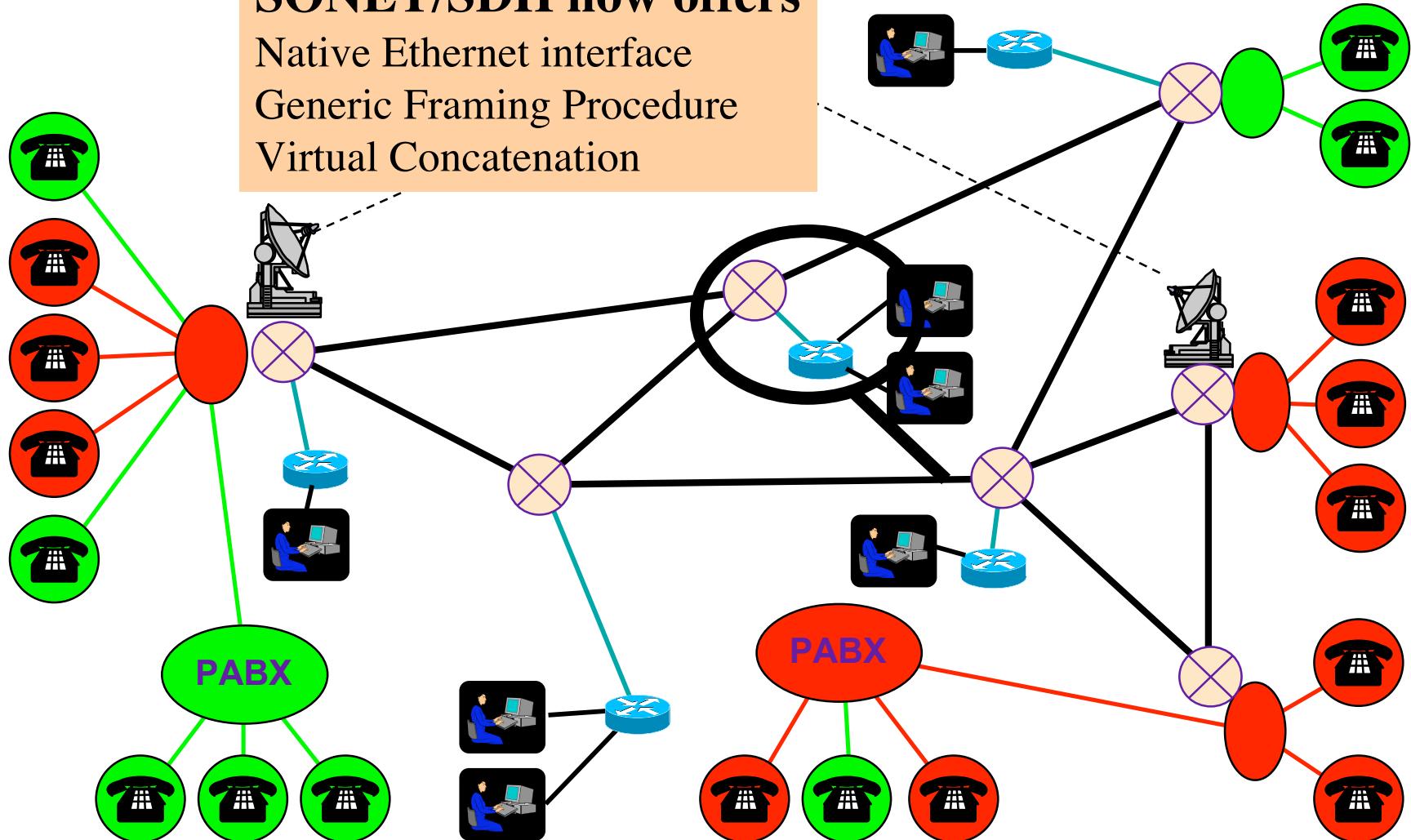
# Directly linked Routers



# General Purpose SDH Networks

**SONET/SDH now offers**

Native Ethernet interface  
Generic Framing Procedure  
Virtual Concatenation



# High Performance Routers

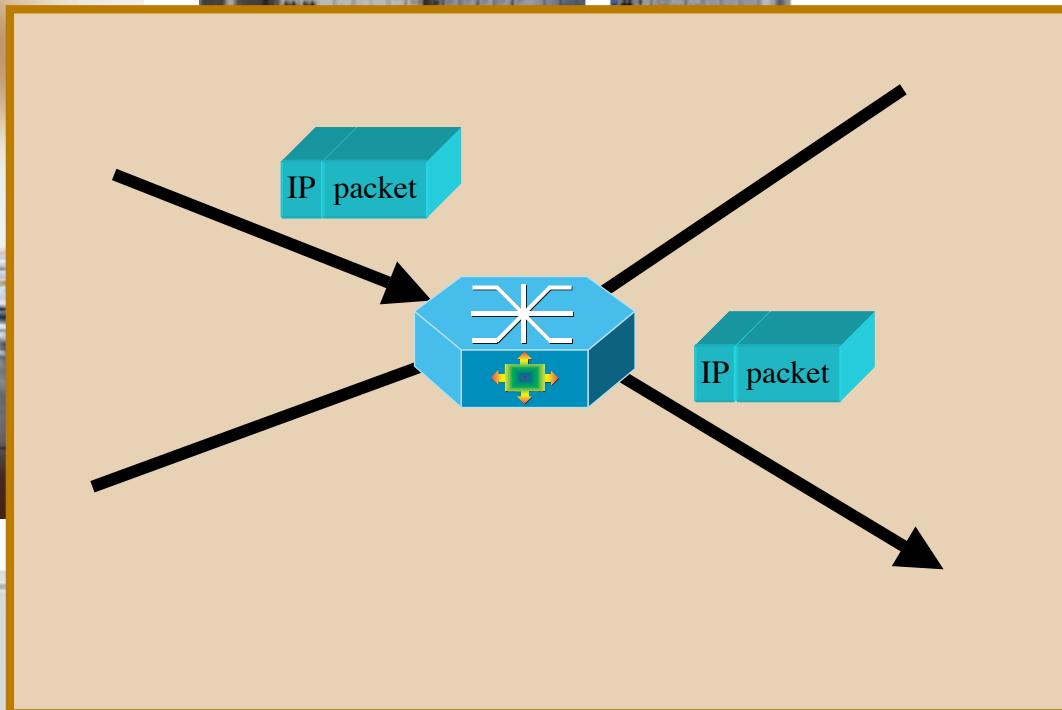
PRO/8812



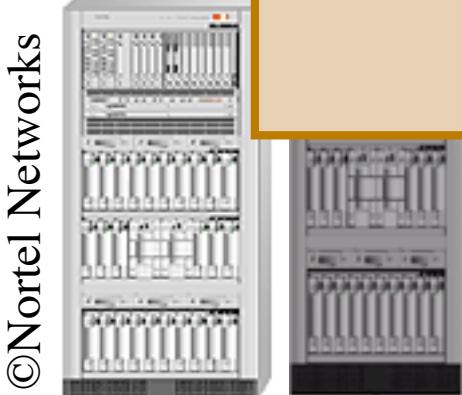
©cisco



©Procket Networks



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©Nortel Networks



©Lucent



and more...

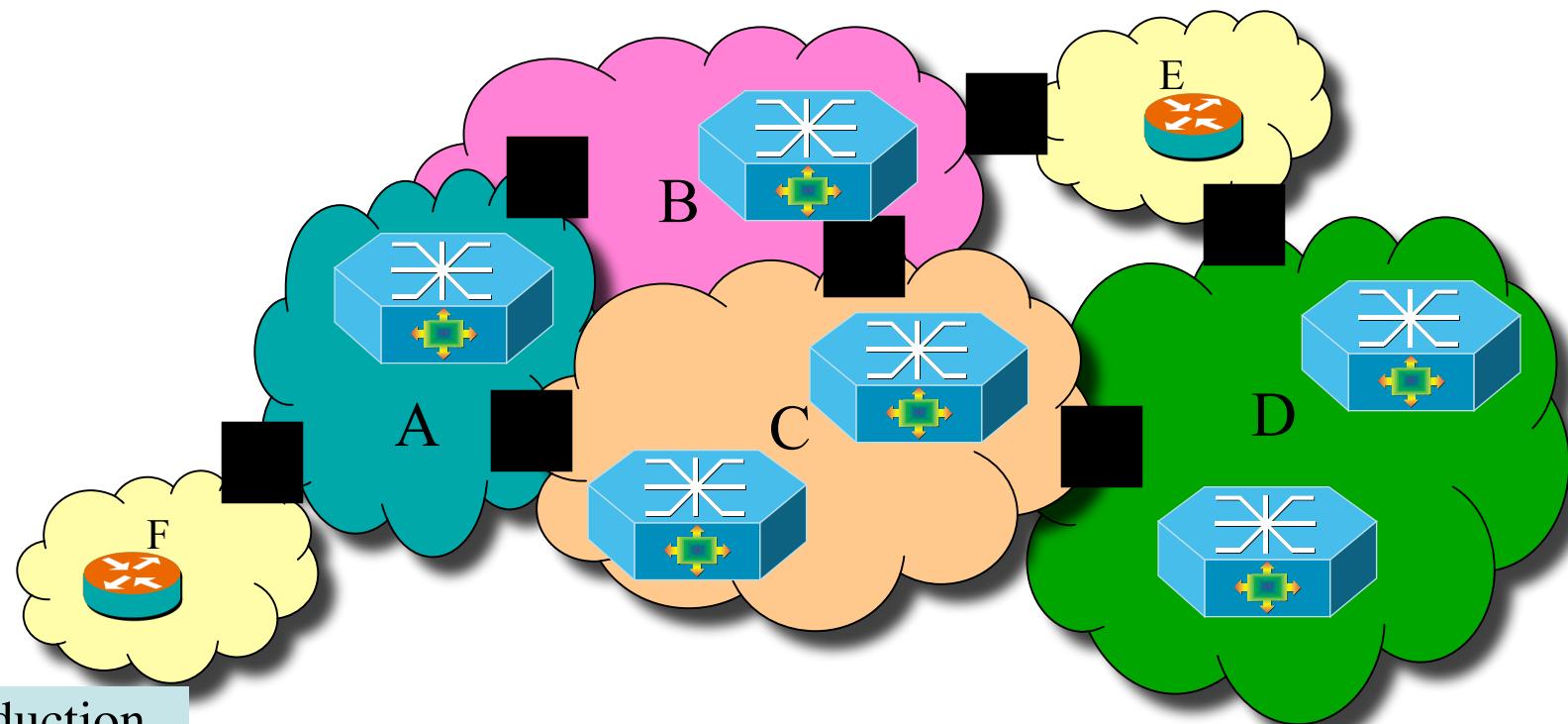
# Performance constraints

- At gigabit rate, millions of packets must be routed per seconds!

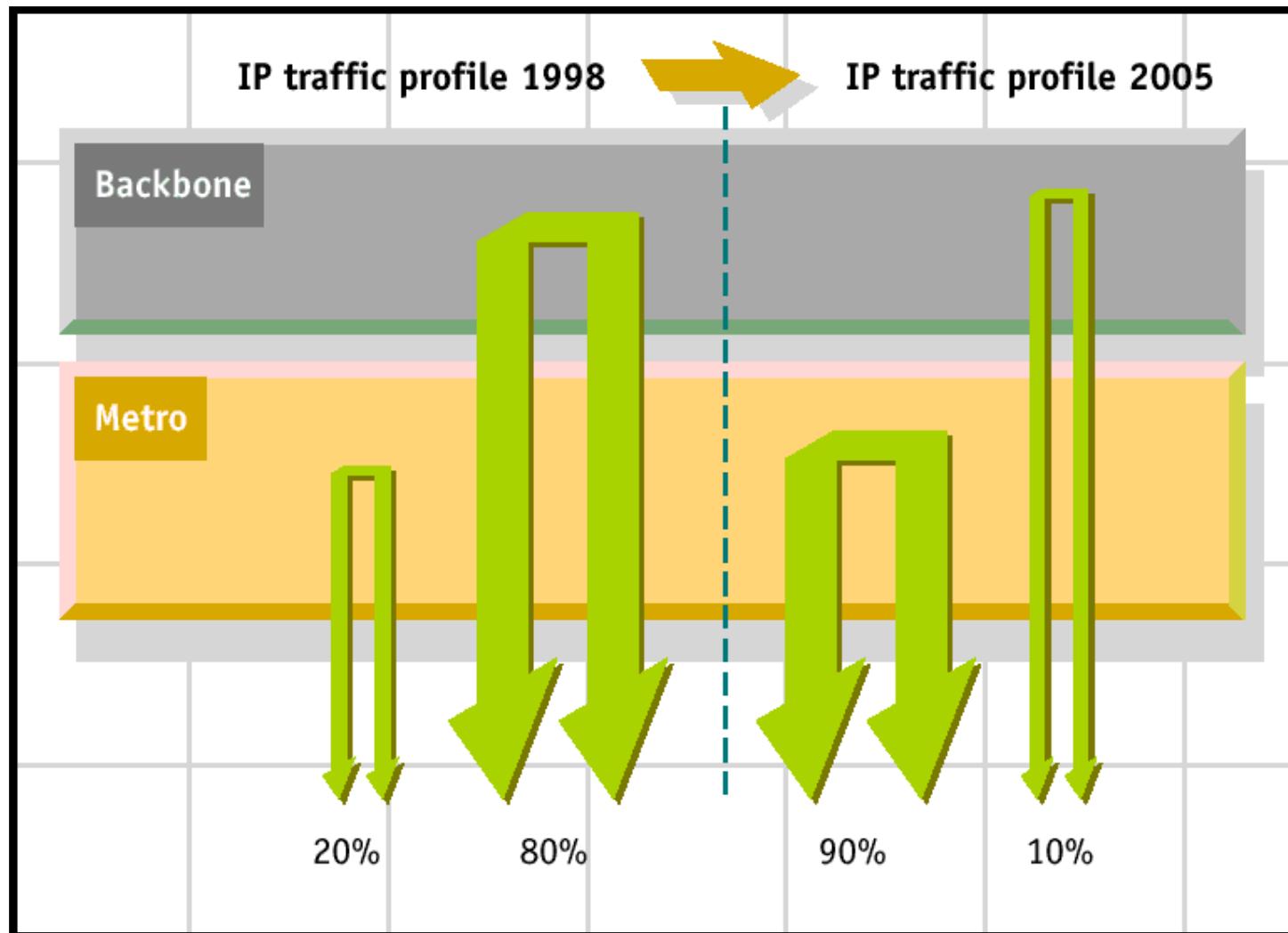
Year	Line	Linerate (Gbps)	40B (Mpps)	84B (Mpps)	354B (Mpps)
1997-98	OC3	0.155	0.48	0.23	0.054
1998-99	OC12	0.622	1.94	0.92	0.22
1999-00	OC48	2.5	7.81	3.72	0.88
2000-01	OC192	10.0	31.25	14.88	3.53
2002-03	OC768	40.0	125	59.52	14.12
	1GE	1.0	3.13	1.49	0.35

# Operator's infrastructure

- Backbones are optical: OC48 (2.5Gbps), OC192 (10Gbps), OC768 (40Gbps), OC3072(160Gbps)
- New technologies deployed by operators, POPs available worldwide

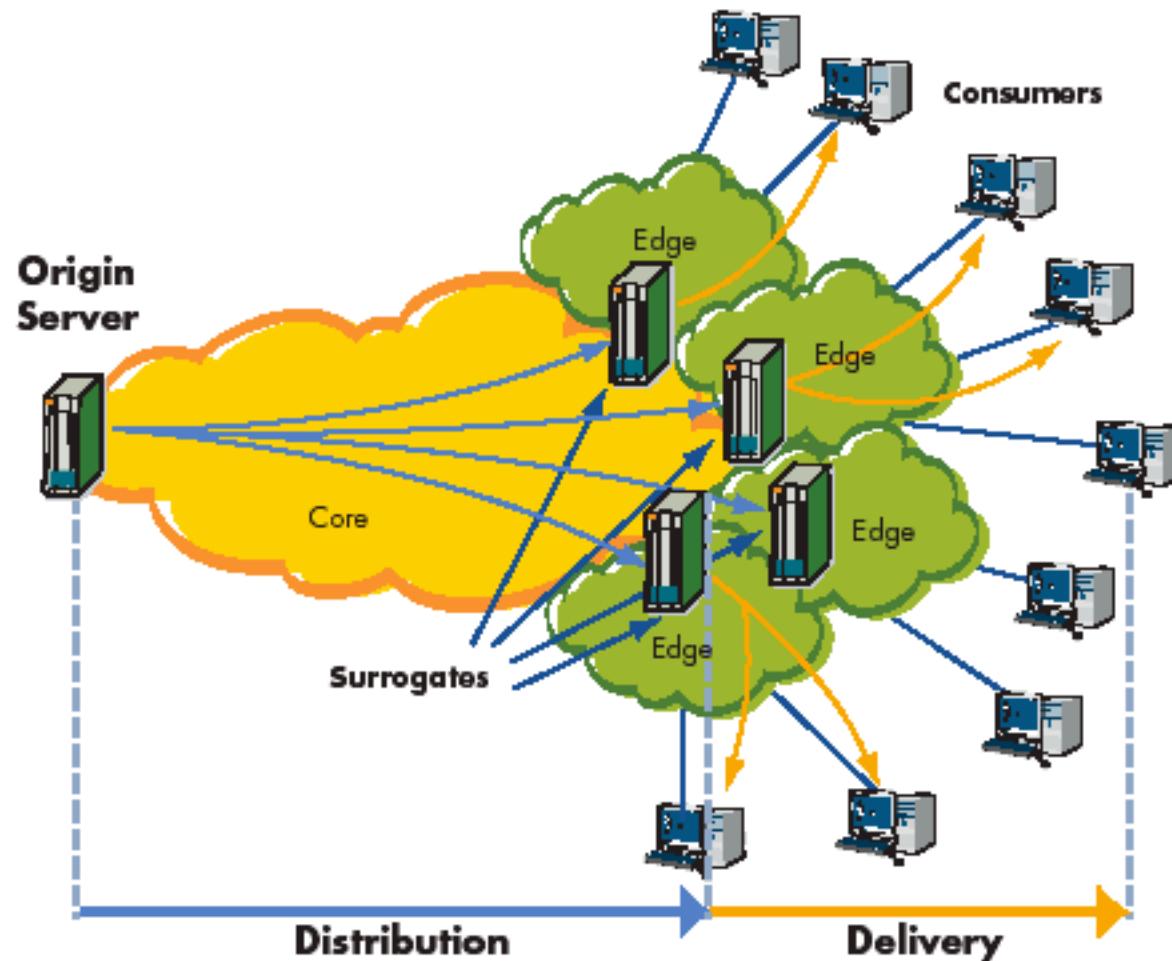


# From backbone to metro



# Example: CDNs

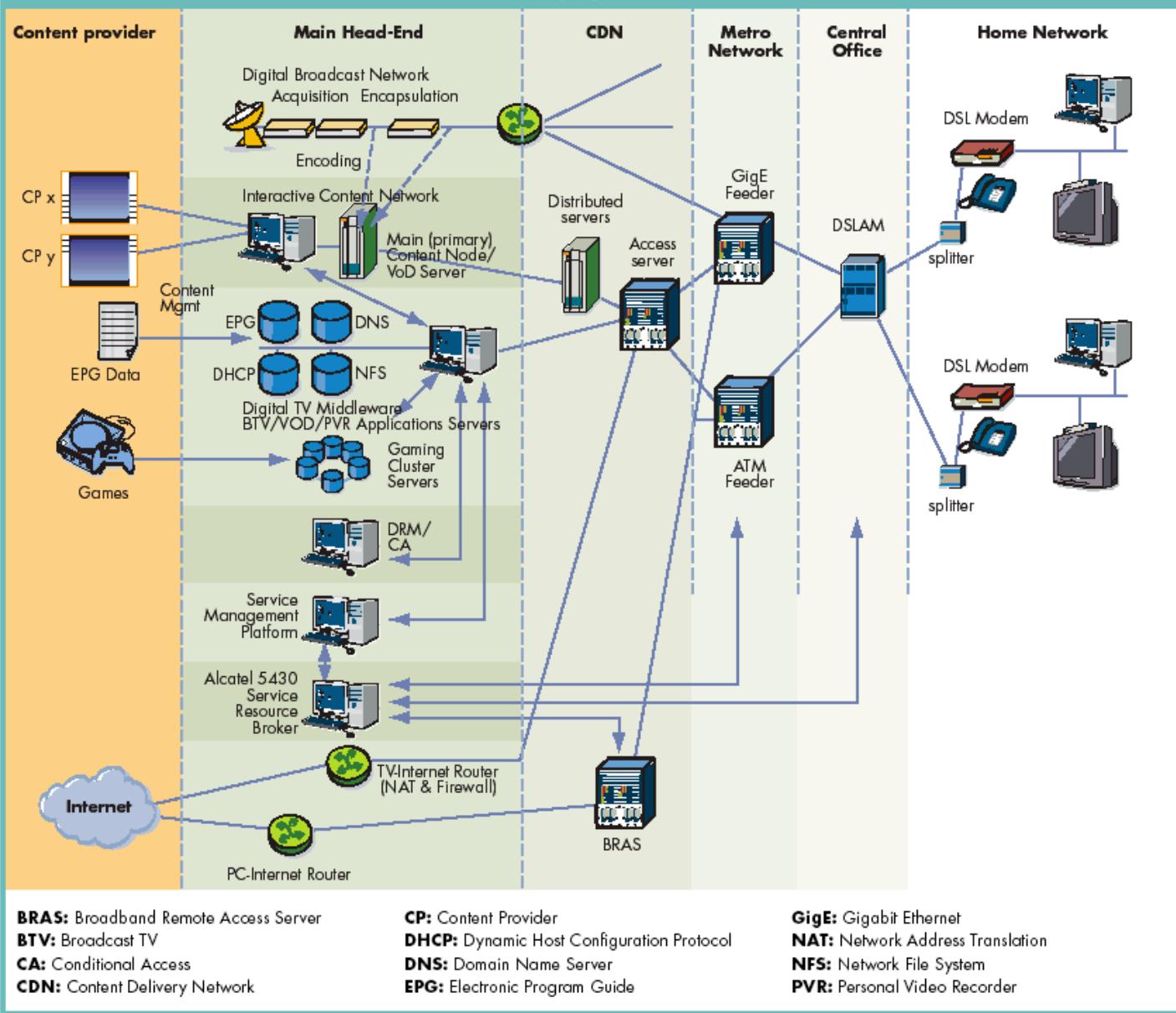
Fig. 1 Content distribution networking



From Alcatel

# Example: video broadcasting

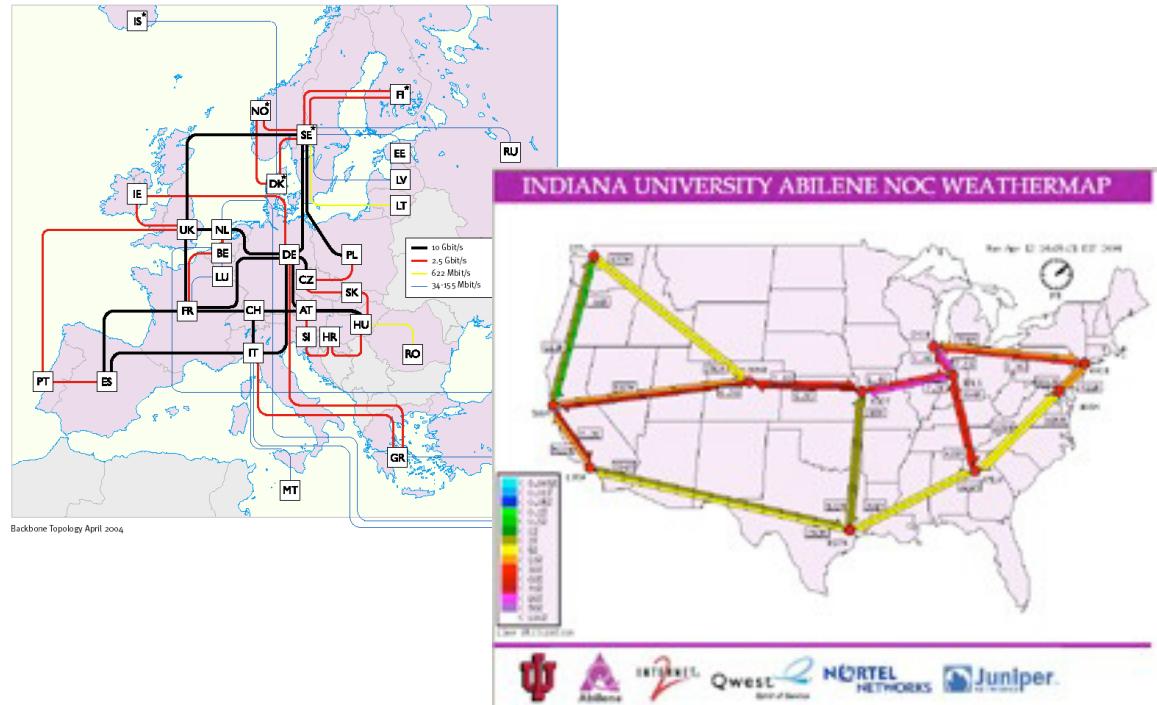
Fig. 1 End-to-end architecture for video services deployment



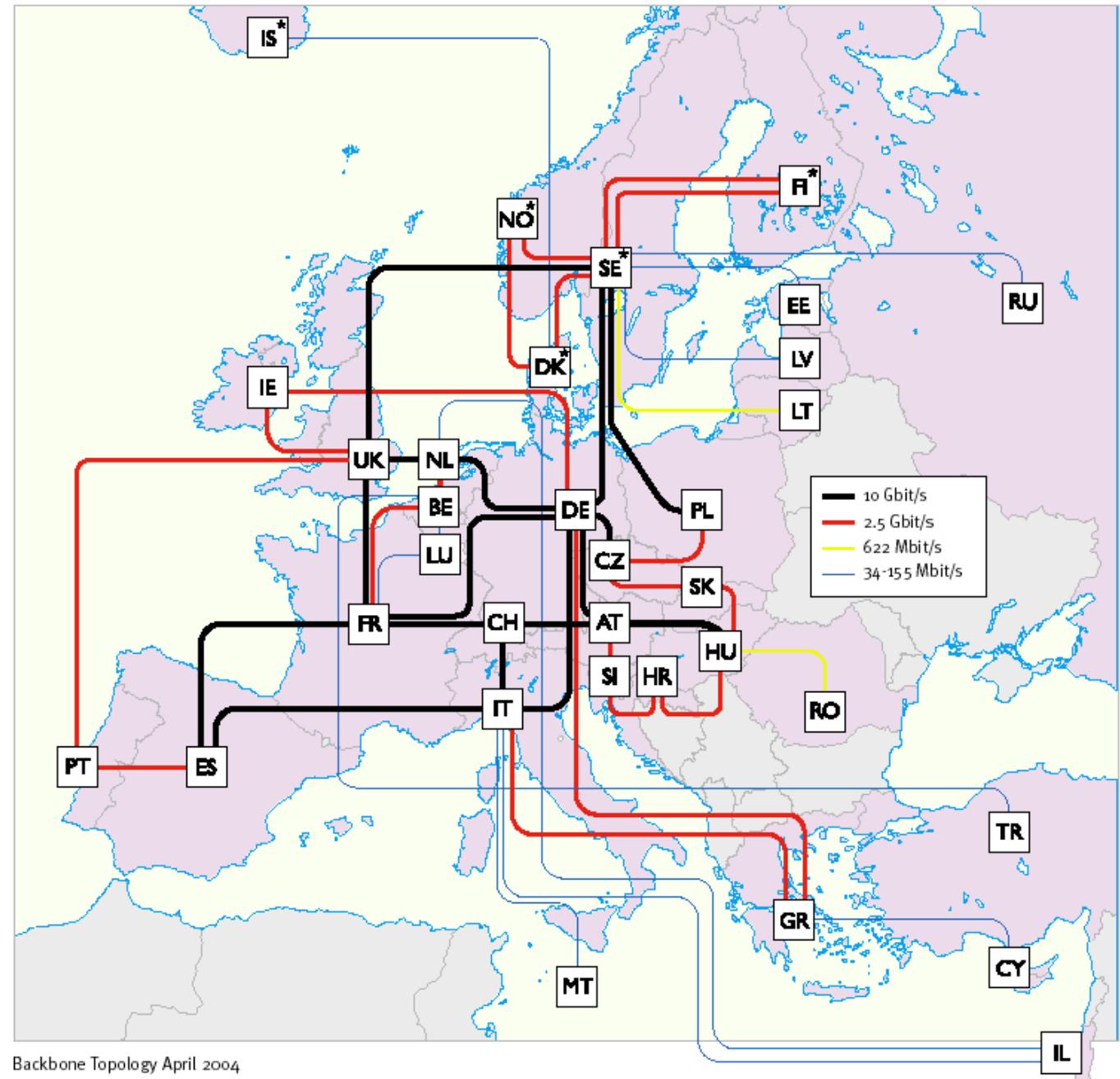
From Alcatel

# The new networks

- vBNS
- Abilene
- SUPERNET
- DREN
- CA\*NET
- GEANT
- DATATAG
- ...much more to come!



# GEANT



# New applications on the information highways

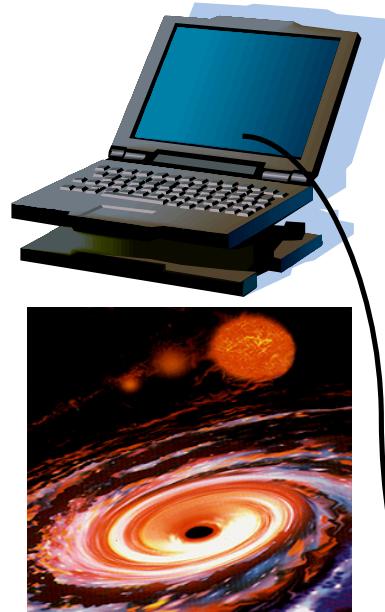
## Think about...

- video-conferencing
- video-on-demand
- interactive TV programs
- remote archival systems
- tele-medecine
- virtual reality, immersion systems
- high-performance computing, grids
- distributed interactive simulations



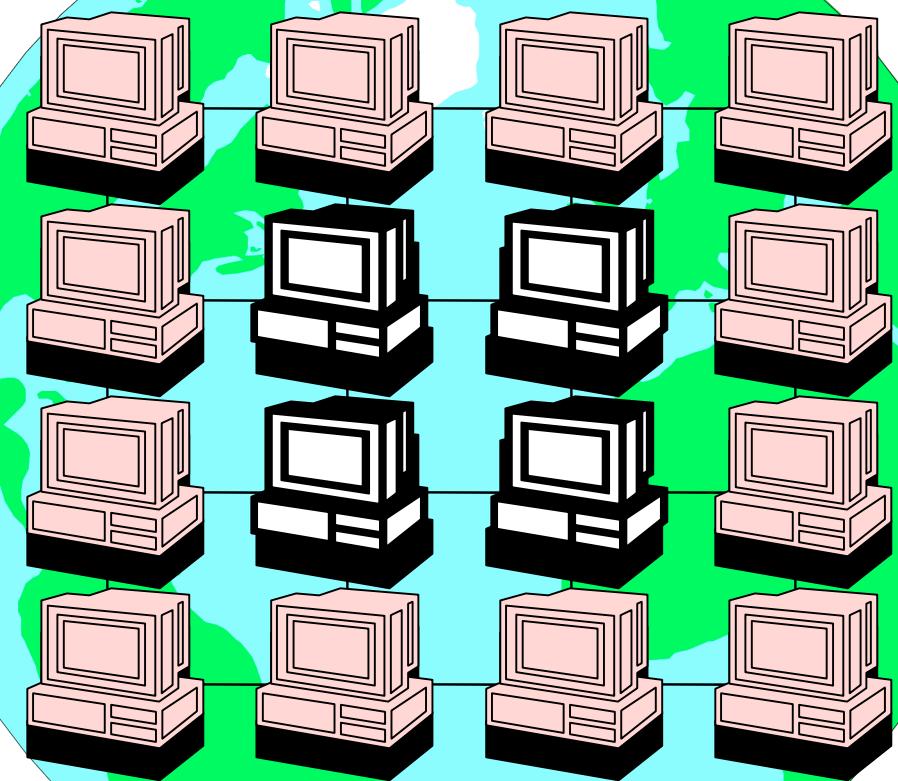
# Computational grids

user application



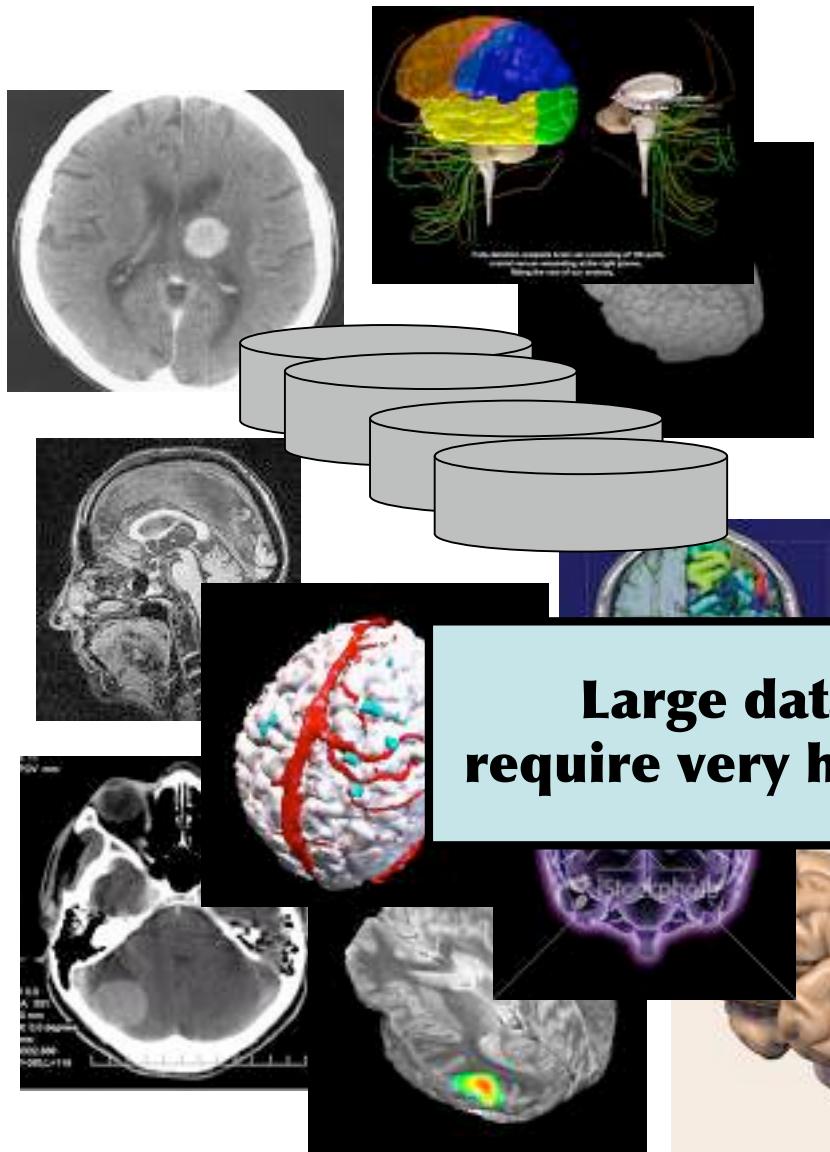
1PFlops

Virtually unlimited resources



from Dorian Arnold: Netsolve Happenings

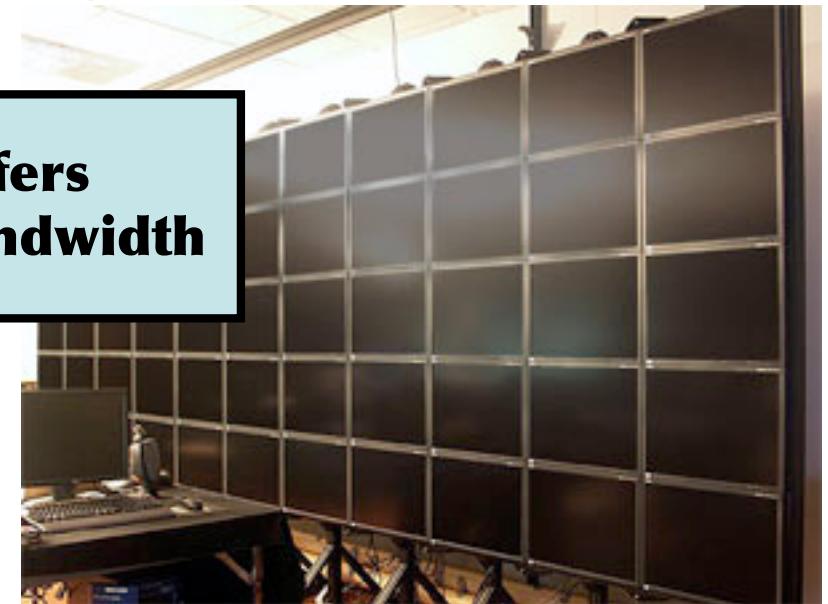
# Real-time interactive large-scale scientific collaborations



**Large data transfers  
require very high bandwidth**

Multimodality brain mapping  
**require the ability to process, share,  
and interactively visualize multiple  
100Gbytes datasets!**

**Today, to visualize and explore eight  
3D images require 64Gb/s !**



# Wide-area interactive simulations

